

Massachusetts Water Resources Authority

Presentation to

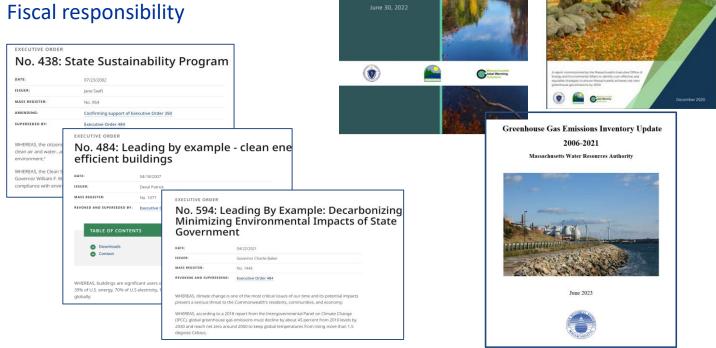
MWRA Advisory Board Energy and Sustainability Program Overview

November 16, 2023



Energy Management Drivers

- **State Climate Goals**
- **Executive Orders**
- **Environmental agency**



Massachusetts

Clean Energy and Climate Plan for

2025 and 2030

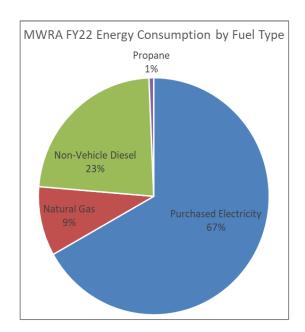


Energy Intensive Operations

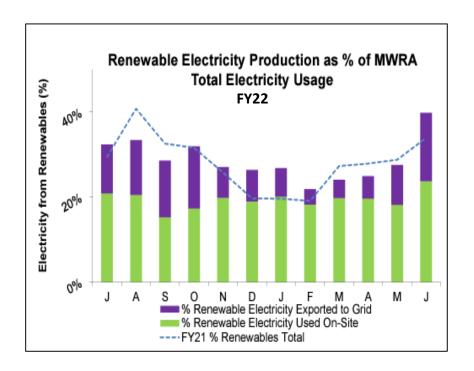
Total Energy Used in FY22

- Electricity
 - 158,700 MWh
 - \$29.4 million
- Fuel Oil
 - 1.26 million gal
 - \$3.5 million
- Natural Gas
 - 700,000 therms
 - \$984,000

This is the equivalent of over 16,000 homes' energy use for one year.

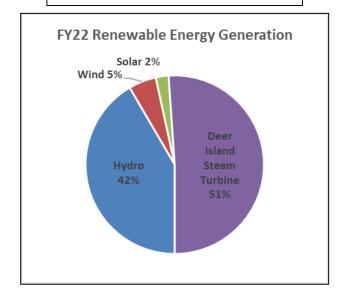


Renewable Energy



Renewable Energy Statistics

Using biomass, wind, solar, and hydroelectric, MWRA generated about 57 million kWh in FY22, at a value of nearly **\$8 million** in avoided purchased energy costs.

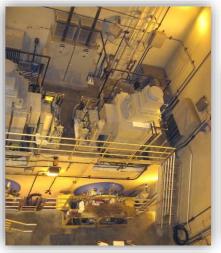




Hydroelectric Power































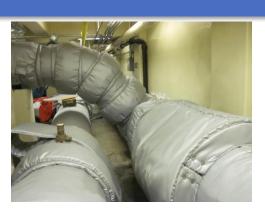
Energy Efficiency















Road Towards Net Zero

- Building Electrification
- Clean Transportation
- Combined Heat and Power Optimization
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions Tracking and Reduction Goals
- Innovation and Resiliency



Building Electrification





Wachusett Aqueduct Pump Station Geothermal Heat Pump *During* Construction

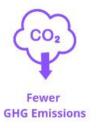


Spot Pond Heat Pumps



Clean Transportation

What are the benefits of electric vehicles?





Better

Air Quality





Less Maintenance



Lower Fuel Costs



Fun To Drive!











Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure







Existing EV Chargers



Proposed Chargers at Chelsea Facility



Combined Heat and Power Optimization



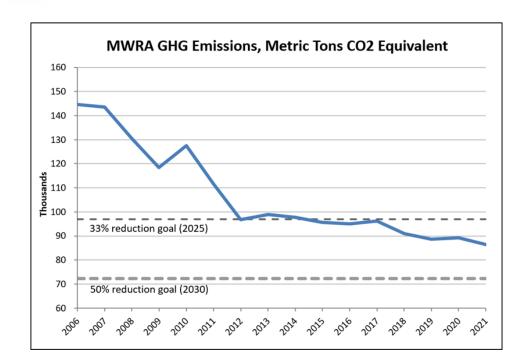


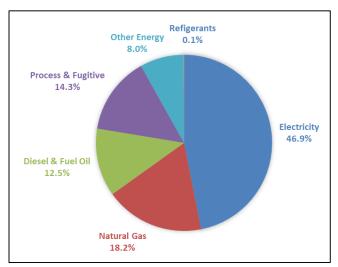
	Existing CHP	Proposed CHP
Electricity from Combined Heat and Power		
(CHP)	21%	48%
Combined Heat and Power (CHP) Efficiency	52%	68%
Energy from On-site Resources	~60%	~75%

Energy Performance Metrics for Existing and New CHP



Greenhouse Gas Emissions





FY22 MWRA Green House Gas Emissions Sources



Incorporate Social Cost of Carbon into Project Analysis

- Factor in Life-cycle Cost Analyses (LCCA) for Capital Projects
 - Include relevant costs and potential revenue streams to inform decisions

Estimate of the economic damage caused by emitting a ton of carbon dioxide

 Use a social cost of carbon of \$125/ton CO2e as a sensitivity assessment in MWRA's life cycle cost analyses



Calculating the Social Cost of Carbon

- SCC relies on complex specialized models to:
 - Predict future emissions and economic growth
 - Model future climate impacts
 - Assess the economic impact of these climatic changes
 - Convert future damages into their present day value
- Take climate change into consideration in financial decision-making localizing a global problem

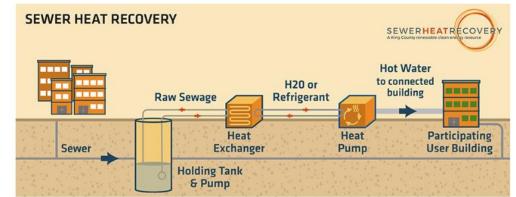


Resiliency and Innovation

- Battery Storage
- Heat Recovery







Battery Pilot Projects - Chelsea Admin Building and Brattle Court Pump Station

Wastewater Heat Recovery schematic (image from King County)



Funding Sources

- Clean Transportation
 - MassEVIP
 - Utility EV Make Ready
 - MOR-EV Trucks
- Energy Efficiency
 - Mass Save
 - MassDEP GAP Clean Energy Results
- Renewable Energy
 - Renewable Portfolio Standard
 - Energy Policy Act of 2005
- Capacity and Demand Management
- Power Sales
- Federal
 - Investment and Jobs Act
 - Inflation Reduction Act

EVERSURCE

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING REBATE

COMMERCIAL APPLICATION

Eversource is offering this Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging Program to provide support for up to 100% of the infrastructure costs needed to bring electric service to sites where Level 2 and Direct Current East Chargers (DCCCs) are to be installed. This application is for all business

customers of Eversource's electric service who purchase ar as well as at workplaces, public destinations, and multifami Broad Eligibility Criteria

- Customer must have or will have a commercial electric acc
- Applicants are required to apply for available MassEVIP ar

Apply for MassEVIP Fleets Incentives

This program helps eligible public entities acquire electric vehicles for their fleets.

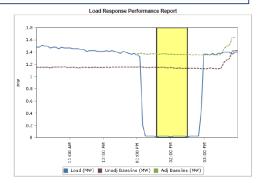
Incentives are available on a first-come, first-served basis until all available funding is spent.

RPS Class I Renewable Generation Units

Updated June 1, 2022

Massachusetts Department of Energy Resources

Туре	MA RPS Number	NEPOOL GIS ID	Plant - Unit Name	Fuel / Resource / Technology	Nameplate Capacity (MW ‡) Q
AD	1015-02	NON38983	Deer Island Treatment Plant STG	Anaerobic Digester	18.000	
AD	1015-02	NON38984	MWRA BP STG	Anaerobic Digester	1.100	
HY	1154-10	NON39003	Deer Island Hydro	Hydroelectric	2.000	
HY	1180-11	NON38939	MWRA Loring Rd Hydro 1 Weston	Hydroelectric	0.200	
SL	1200-11	NON38938	MWRA Carroll PV Marlborough Solar 1	Photovoltaic	0.496	
WD	1152-10	NON38970	MWRA Charlestown Wind	Wind	1.500	П
WD	1152-10	NON39005	MWRA Deer Island Wind 1	Wind	3.300	
WD	1152-10	NON39006	MWRA Deer Island Wind 2	Wind	1.200	





- Roadmap and Goal Setting
- Integrate Roadmaps into Existing Plans and Protocols
- Pilot Projects to Full Scale
- Identify and Acknowledge Implementation Challenges
- Investing Equitably in the Future

