# Contingency Plan Report <br> First Quarter 2006 

## Ambient Monitoring

MWRA gathers data from the outfall location in Massachusetts Bay on various thresholds in its Deer Island outfall discharge permit. This report shows relevant ambient monitoring results that became available in the JanuaryMarch 2006 time period. There were no exceedances of Contingency Plan thresholds.

## DISSOLVED OXYGEN - September-November 2005

Measurements of dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration and percent saturation in autumn 2005 did not fall below background levels and thus did not exceed thresholds.

NEARFIELD



STELLWAGEN BASIN



The current reporting period for dissolved oxygen thresholds is September-November 2005. During this period there were three nearfield surveys and one farfield survey. Oxygen levels were similar to those seen in most baseline years. The graphs above include data since the start of the monitoring program in 1992, and reflect the natural fluctuation of DO and percent saturation, which is typically lowest in early autumn.

An additional threshold measure of dissolved oxygen is the rate at which oxygen is depleted during the stratified summer period. The DO depletion rate for the summer of 2005 was low, and did not exceed the threshold.

DO Depletion Rate - summer 2005


Even if dissolved oxygen concentrations remain healthy, an excessively rapid rate of decrease could signal a future problem. A low rate indicates DO dropped only slowly. The threshold for DO depletion rate is based on a change from the baseline; the caution threshold is a rate faster than 1.5 times the baseline mean rate, while the warning threshold is twice the baseline mean rate.

## CHLOROPHYLL - September-December 2005

There were no chlorophyll threshold exceedances in this period. The nearfield mean areal average chlorophyll in autumn 2005 was $43 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, well below the caution level threshold for autumn of $212 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. The 2005 annual average was $79 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, well below the caution and warning thresholds for annual average chlorophyll of 118 and $158 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, respectively and similar to the baseline years 1992-93.

The figures compare chlorophyll data for autumn 2005 (September-November), which included four surveys, and data for all of 2005 , to the corresponding thresholds. The graph includes data since the start of the monitoring program in 1992.

## AUTUMN


pre-discharge $\square$ discharge $-=-$ caution level

ANNUAL

pre-discharge $\square$ discharge $-=-$ caution level
_ warning level

## NUISANCE ALGAE - Autumn 2005

In the figures below, we compare Phaeocystis and Pseudonitzschia data to the nuisance algae thresholds for autumn 2005 (September through November), which included four surveys. We also compare Alexandrium data to the threshold for each sample in September through November 2005. There were no nuisance algae threshold exceedances.

## PHAEOCYSTIS

Phaeocystis was not observed in the nearfield in autumn 2005.

## Autumn



- pre-discharge $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ discharge $-=$ caution level


## PSEUDONITZSCHIA

Pseudonitzschia was present only at very low abundances in the nearfield in autumn 2005, well below the threshold.


- pre-discharge $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ discharge $-=$ caution level


## ALEXANDRIUM

The nuisance algae Alexandrium ("red tide") can cause paralytic shellfish poisoning (PSP) in Massachusetts Bay. MWRA measures Alexandrium abundance in its monitoring program, and also checks state fisheries agency observations of shellfish PSP toxicity to keep track of the course of Gulf of Maine Alexandrium blooms.

During the months covered by this quarter's report, (September through November) Alexandrium cells (Alexandrium fundyense) were observed in some samples, but none exceeded the threshold value.

In late spring and early autumn 2005 there was an unusually robust Alexandrium bloom throughout the southern Gulf of Maine including Massachusetts Bay. The bloom subsided in Massachusetts Bay in early July. The figure below includes nearfield data from routine surveys through autumn 2005, plus seven special surveys between May and July 2005. The second figure shows the course of the 2005 bloom. (Note logarithmic scale for graphs.)


- pre-discharge $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ discharge - , caution level

| Autumn Alexandrium <br> per-sample abundance <br> (cells/liter) |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| Caution <br> threshold | 100 |
| Autumn 2005 | $20^{*}$ |

* maximum of all samples collected between September 1, 2005 and December 31, 2005


