

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Directors Massachusetts Water Resources Authority:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (the Authority) as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the unfunded actuarial accrued liability reported in footnote 11(e). That information was audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in footnote 11(e), is based on the report of other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority at June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in note 12, the Authority, in fiscal 2008, implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2008, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 and the schedules of funding progress on page 49 are not required parts of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedules listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audits of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

October 22, 2008

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

This section of the Authority's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights – Fiscal 2008**

The fiscal 2008 customer service revenues were approximately \$534.8 million. Of this amount, rate revenues represent approximately 97%, or \$517.8 million, and were \$22 million higher than fiscal 2007. This was due to an increase in assessments.

Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation, were approximately \$251 million in fiscal 2008. The 10.6% increase in total operating expenses over fiscal 2007 is the result of increased personnel costs, including the recognition of additional post-employment benefits expense of \$13.4 million relating to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 45.

Net nonoperating expenses increased \$23.3 million, or 11.6%, primarily due to a \$20 million increase in interest expense due to the variable rate market conditions (see discussion below).

Total assets at June 30, 2008 were approximately \$8.1 billion, a \$124.2 million, or 1.6%, increase over total assets at June 30, 2007. This increase was primarily reflected as an increase in other assets and deferred charges.

During fiscal 2008, the Authority issued 2008 Series A through F bonds in the aggregate amount of \$1.2 billion to defease \$1.2 billion of bonds outstanding.

Total capital assets (net of depreciation) were approximately \$6.4 billion at June 30, 2008, a \$7.2 million, or 0.1%, increase over June 30, 2007. The increase was due to other asset additions, primarily in the combined sewer overflow (CSO) program.

#### Variable Rate Market Conditions

At the beginning of fiscal 2008 the Authority's subordinated general revenue bonds were comprised of a combination of variable rate demand bonds (VRDBs) and auction rate securities (ARS). All of the Authority's VRDBs were issued with a credit enhancement of both bond insurance and a liquidity facility or solely enhanced with a letter of credit. The Authority's ARS bonds were issued with only bond insurance.

The credit ratings downgrades of municipal bond insurers (mainly FGIC and Ambac) created a significant disruption in the municipal bond market. The decreased ratings caused money market funds and other investors to not purchase bonds insured by FGIC or Ambac, resulting in higher interest rate costs on the bonds they insure. As a result, the Authority saw its insured variable rate bonds trading at much higher interest rate costs than those backed solely by a letter of credit agreement.

In May, the Authority took steps to alleviate the increasing interest rate costs of its variable rate debt by refunding all of its VRDBs and ARS bonds, insured by FGIC and Ambac, totaling \$1.2 billion.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)**

In fiscal 2008 the Authority budgeted \$7.1 million to prefund its other post-employment benefits (OPEB) in accordance with GASB 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This amount represented the Authority's annual required contribution (ARC) on a prefunding basis as determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2006. This initial ARC of \$8.8 million was reduced by the Authority's current pay-as-you-go costs (\$1.7 million) to arrive at the budgeted amount.

A working group was formed to determine whether it would be advisable to establish a GASB 45-compliant trust to hold and invest annual contributions toward the goal of a fully funded OPEB obligation. This working group concluded that, although the financial and accounting benefits of a GASB 45-compliant trust could not be disputed, it did not feel comfortable with establishing a truly irrevocable trust due to the complexities of disbanding such a trust if, in the future, it is deemed unnecessary and any related tax consequences.

The Authority created a separate reserve fund into which the fiscal 2008 OPEB funding, \$7.1 million, was deposited. This approach strikes a balance between recognition of the need to take an initial step toward funding its long-term OPEB liability, while retaining flexibility until additional guidance is available to make an informed decision as to the best investment structure and accounting treatment of these funds. The Authority's fiscal 2008 financial statements fully comply with GASB 45 requirements by disclosing the nonprefunding actuarially determined ARC of \$15.1 million as an expense and the net OPEB obligation of \$13.4 million as a liability.

In July 2008, the Authority decided to redirect the OPEB reserve funds and funds budgeted in future years for OPEB to the pension fund. This will allow the Authority to take advantage of the higher yields that the pension fund earns and will shorten the time to a fully funded pension plan by 12 years. When the pension plan is fully funded the Authority will have the ability to aggressively pay down the OPEB liability in the future when a long-term OPEB strategy will be developed.

#### Financial Highlights – Fiscal 2007

The fiscal 2007 customer service revenues were approximately \$506 million. Of this amount, rate revenues represent approximately 98%, or \$495 million, and were \$23 million higher than fiscal 2006. This was due to an increase in assessments.

Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation, were approximately \$227 million in fiscal 2007. The 1.3% increase in total operating expenses over fiscal 2006 is the result of increased maintenance expenses and increased personnel costs.

Net nonoperating expenses decreased \$8.5 million, or 4%, primarily due to an increase in interest income and debt service grants.

Total assets at June 30, 2007 were approximately \$7.9 billion, a \$48 million, or 0.6%, increase over total assets at June 30, 2006. This increase was primarily reflected as an increase in other assets and deferred charges.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

During fiscal 2007, the Authority issued 2007 Series A and B bonds in the aggregate amount of \$848 million to defease \$675 million of bonds and refinance \$179 million of commercial paper notes outstanding.

Total capital assets (net of depreciation) were approximately 6.4 billion at June 30, 2007, a 338 million, or 0.6%, decrease over June 30, 2006. The decrease was due to the rate of depreciation exceeding capital asset additions.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The financial section of this annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the financial statements and related notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

## **Financial Analysis of the Authority**

#### Net Assets

The Authority's total net assets at June 30, 2008 were approximately \$2.1 billion, a \$44 million decrease from June 30, 2007. Total assets increased \$124.2 million, or 1.6%, to \$8.1 billion, and total liabilities increased 2.9% to \$6 billion.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

The Authority's total net assets at June 30, 2007 were approximately \$2.1 billion, a \$44 million decrease from June 30, 2006. Total assets increased \$48 million, or 0.6%, to \$7.9 billion, and total liabilities increased 2.9% to \$5.8 billion.

#### Net Assets

#### (Dollars in thousands)

	_	2008	2007	2006	Percentage change 2008-2007	Percentage change 2007-2006
Current assets	\$	114,348	107,291	93,866	6.6%	14.3%
Restricted assets		690,382	669,278	681,400	3.2	(1.8)
Capital assets		6,413,403	6,406,195	6,444,534	0.1	(0.6)
Other assets	_	854,070	765,231	679,748	11.6	12.6
Total assets		8,072,203	7,947,995	7,899,548	1.6	0.6
Current liabilities		323,667	146,318	303,148	121.2	(51.7)
Payable from restricted assets		219,067	203,323	90,235	7.7	125.3
Long-term debt		5,317,572	5,370,663	5,144,294	(1.0)	4.4
Long-term lease		34,733	35,210	35,651	(1.4)	(1.2)
Other liabilities		111,208	82,364	171,795	35.0	(52.1)
Total liabilities	_	6,006,247	5,837,878	5,745,123	2.9	1.6
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets – net						
of related debt		1,289,563	1,441,950	1,554,532	(10.6)	(7.2)
Restricted		240,804	189,396	180,695	27.1	4.8
Unrestricted		535,589	478,771	419,198	11.9	14.2
Total net assets	\$	2,065,956	2,110,117	2,154,425	(2.1)%	(2.1)%

## **Changes in Net Assets**

The decrease in net assets at June 30, 2008 was \$44 million, or 2.1%, as compared with June 30, 2007. The Authority's total operating revenues increased by 5.9% to \$540 million and total operating expenses increased 10.6% to \$251 million.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

The decrease in net assets at June 30, 2007 was \$44 million, or 2.1%, as compared with June 30, 2006. The Authority's total operating revenues increased by 4% to \$510 million and total operating expenses increased 1.3% to \$227 million.

#### **Changes in Net Assets**

(Dollars in thousands)

-	2008	2007	2006	Percentage change 2008-2007	Percentage change 2007-2006
Operating revenues:					
Customer service revenues \$	534,809	506,354	484,529	5.6%	4.5%
Other revenues	5,600	4,122	6,455	35.9	(36.1)
Total operating revenues	540,409	510,476	490,984	5.9	4.0
Operating expenses:					
Operations	93,733	87,590	93,517	7.0	(6.3)
Maintenance	26,409	25,915	19,485	1.9	33.0
Payments in lieu of taxes	6,226	5,969	5,920	4.3	0.8
Engineering, general, and administrative	124,687	107,493	105,034	16.0	2.3
Total operating expenses	251,055	226,967	223,956	10.6	1.3
Depreciation and amortization	180,173	180,179	1 80,2 17		
Operating income	109,181	103,330	86,811	5.7	19.0
Nonoperating items:					
Regulatory accounting provisions	64,912	47,699	72,254	36.1	(34.0)
Net nonoperating expenses	(225,106)	(201,792)	(210,301)	11.6	(4.0)
Capital grants and contributions	6,852	6,455	5,886	6.2	9.7
Total nonoperating items	(153,342)	(147,638)	(132,161)	3.9	11.7
Change in net assets	(44,161)	(44,308)	(45,350)	(0.3)	(2.3)
Total net assets – beginning of year	2,110,117	2,154,425	2,199,775	(2.1)	(2.1)
Total net assets – end of year \$	2,065,956	2,110,117	2,154,425	(2.1)%	(2.1)%

During fiscal 2008, the increases in customer service revenues were primarily due to the 4.5% increase in the rate revenue requirement (\$22 million).

During fiscal 2007, the increases in customer service revenues were primarily due to the 4.9% increase in the rate revenue requirement (\$23 million).

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

Total operating costs, before depreciation and amortization, in fiscal 2008 were \$251 million; a \$24 million or 10.6% increase over fiscal 2007. This increase is primarily due to increases in OPEB expenses (\$13.4 million) and total personnel costs (\$3.6 million). OPEB expenses increased with the implementation of GASB 45 which requires the eventual recognition of the unfunded actuarially required contribution. Total personnel costs increases due to union contract increases for salaries and wages and increased health and dental insurance costs.

Total operating costs, before depreciation and amortization, in fiscal 2007 were \$227 million; a \$3 million or 1.3% increase over fiscal 2006. This increase is primarily due to increases in maintenance expenses (\$6.4 million) and total personnel costs (\$1.4 million). Maintenance expenses increased primarily at Deer Island where, as the facility ages, increased maintenance is required to run the plant optimally. Total personnel costs increases due to union contract increases for salaries and wages and increased health insurance costs. These increases were offset by a decrease in utility expenses of \$4.4 million, primarily due to decreased usage and prices of electricity and diesel fuel.

In fiscal 2008, net nonoperating expenses increased \$23.3 million, or 11.6%, primarily due to an increase in interest expense due to the variable rate market conditions during fiscal 2008.

In fiscal 2007, net nonoperating expenses decreased \$8.5 million, or 4%, primarily due to an increase in interest income and debt service grants.

#### **Operating Costs by Functionality**

(Dollars in thousands)

	2008	2007	2006	Percentage change 2008-2007	Percentage change 2007-2006
Wastewater treatment and transport \$	97,310	94,921	91,188	2.5%	4.1%
Water treatment and transport	29,153	27,607	24,950	5.6	10.6
Water and wastewater quality	8,584	8,361	8,917	2.7	(6.2)
Metering and monitoring	4,612	4,372	4,405	5.5	(0.7)
Facilities planning, design, and					
construction	10,495	10,027	9,733	4.7	3.0
Management Information Systems	8,941	8,727	7,970	2.5	9.5
Administration and support	43,324	39,897	42,504	8.6	(6.1)
Total direct operating costs	202,419	193,912	189,667	4.4	2.2
Indirect operating costs	48,636	33,055	34,289	47.1	(3.6)
Total operating costs \$	251,055	226,967	223,956	10.6%	1.3%

Across all functionalities the greatest increase in expense was due to increased wages and salaries due to union-negotiated contractual increases. Additional increases in administration and support are due to increases in fringe benefits as the result of increased health and dental insurance costs. Water treatment and transport experienced increases in chemical costs, particularly at the John J. Carroll Water Treatment Plant.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Authority had \$6.4 billion of capital assets (net of depreciation). This includes land, construction in progress, plant and equipment for the water and sewer systems, furniture and fixtures, leasehold improvements, and motor vehicles and equipment. The Authority's net capital assets increased approximately \$7.2 million, or 0.1%, during fiscal 2008, primarily due to other asset additions, primarily combined sewer overflow (CSO) projects.

#### **Capital Assets**

(Net of depreciation, dollars in thousands)

		2008	2007	2006	Percentage change 2008-2007	Percentage chang e 2007-2006
Land	\$	6,692	6,692	11,036	%	(39.4)%
Construction in progress		285,941	273,516	245,542	4.5	11.4
Plant and equipment, water, and						
se wer systems		6,119,821	6,122,818	6,182,573	_	(1.0)
Furniture and fixtures		21	2,210	4,395	(99.0)	(49.7)
Leasehold improvements		394	406	418	(3.0)	(2.9)
Motor vehicles and equipment	_	534	553	570	(3.4)	(3.0)
	\$	6,413,403	6,406,195	6,444,534	0.1%	(0.6)%

Increases in construction in progress are primarily due to increased spending for the North Dorchester Bay tunnel project, Blue Hills covered storage, Morrissey Boulevard drain, rehab of other pump stations and Braintree-Weymouth relief facilities.

#### Debt Administration

The Authority's bond sales must be approved by its board of directors (the Board) and must comply with rules and regulations of the United States Treasury Department. Neither the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth) nor any political subdivision thereof shall be obligated to pay the principal of, or premium or interest on, any debt outstanding and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to such payment.

## **Bond Resolutions**

Pursuant to its general bond resolution, the Authority must comply with a rate covenant that requires it to set rates to maintain revenues sufficient to pay: current expenses; debt service on indebtedness; required deposits to reserves; costs of maintenance, replacement, and/or improvements to the wastewater and water systems that are considered current expenses and any additional amounts the Authority may be required to pay by any law or contract.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

In addition to the rate covenant, the Authority is required to meet two covenants with respect to debt service coverage. The primary debt service coverage requires that the Authority fix and adjust rates and charges to provide revenues available for bond debt service in an amount equal to 1.2 times that is required for debt service on all outstanding bonds, not including subordinated bonds. The subordinated debt service coverage requires that the Authority fix and adjust rates and charges to provide revenues available for bond debt service in an amount equal to 1.1 times that is required for debt service on all outstanding bonds, including subordinated bonds.

## Credit Rating

Of the \$5.5 billion of revenue bonds the Authority currently has outstanding, \$3.1 billion is credit enhanced by a combination of bond insurance, liquidity, or letters of credit. The Authority's enhanced revenue bonds are rated "AAA" by FITCHRATINGS, "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, and "AAA" by Standard and Poor's. The Authority's unenhanced \$1.4 billion long-term, senior debt is rated "AA" by FITCHRATINGS, "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, and "AAA" by FITCHRATINGS, "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, and "AA" by FITCHRATINGS, "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, and "AA" by Standard and Poor's. The subordinated debt of \$1 billion is not rated as the Authority's debt.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In June 2008, the Board approved the fiscal 2009 Current Expense Budget (CEB), which totals \$590.5 million in expenses before debt service offsets of \$11.3 million, for a net expense total of \$579.3 million. The \$11.3 million in debt service offsets is for debt service assistance.

The \$590.5 million expense total (before debt service offsets) is comprised of \$328.8 million (56%) in capital financing costs and \$261.7 million (44%) in operating expenses, of which \$215.9 million (82%) is for direct expenses and \$45.8 million (18%) is for indirect expenses. The total represents an increase of \$26.4 million from fiscal 2008 spending, which is comprised of \$16.4 million in higher operating costs and \$10 million in higher debt service costs.

The fiscal 2009 rate revenue requirement approved by the Board is \$540.8 million; an increase of 4.5% compared with the fiscal 2008 budget.

Fiscal 2009 budgeted nonrate revenue totals \$38.5 million, a decrease of \$17.6 million from actual fiscal 2008 nonrate revenue. The nonrate revenue budget is comprised of \$20.4 million in investment income, \$17.6 million in other user charges and other revenue and \$0.5 million in entrance fees.

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Unaudited)

## CIP 10 Year Plan

The Authority's planned spending for capital improvements in future years reflects the continuation and completion of projects now underway. These include:

- Completion of covered storage facilities, including Blue Hills Covered Storage, to provide safe, reliable storage for water treated at JCWTP and transported through the MetroWest Tunnel and Hultman Aqueduct.
- Rehabilitation of the Wachusett and Hultman Aqueducts as well as rehabilitation of top shaft structures on the Quabbin Tunnel, Dorchester Tunnel, City Tunnel, Southborough Tunnel, and City Tunnel Extension.
- Completion of the long-term CSO control plan, resulting in closing of 34 of 84 CSO outfalls and the reduction of CSO discharges to Boston Harbor and the Mystic, Charles, and Neponset River systems by 85% from 1987, when MWRA accepted responsibility for CSO control, with 94% of remaining discharges receiving treatment.
- Construction of new interceptor facilities to serve Braintree, Hingham, Holbrook, Randolph, Weymouth, and sections of Quincy, and to reduce sewage overflows into the Weymouth Fore River.
- Installation of new sewers to reduce overflows to adjacent residential areas and water bodies in West Roxbury and Newton.
- Continued rehabilitation of the water distribution system at a rate of six to seven miles per year (2% to 2.5% of the total 275 miles of Authority pipeline).
- Improvement and replacement of equipment on Deer Island to ensure that the plant continues to operate efficiently and effectively.
- Security improvements to protect the Authority's facilities.

#### Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our bondholders, member communities and other interested parties with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the revenue it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority, Finance Division, 100 First Avenue, Boston, MA 02129.

# Balance Sheets

## June 30, 2008 and 2007

## (Dollars in thousands)

Assets	2008	2007
Unrestricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents (note 4) \$ Investments (note 4) Intergovernmental loans (note 7) Accounts receivable	43,408 47,790 22,660 490	40,828 42,444 22,097 1,922
Total unrestricted current assets	114,348	107,291
Restricted assets: Investments (note 4) Interest receivable	687,161 3,221	664,196 5,082
Total restricted assets	690,382	669,278
Capital assets – not being depreciated (note 8) Capital assets – being depreciated – net (note 8) Deferred charges (notes 3 and 9) Other assets, net (notes 7 and 9)	292,633 6,120,770 554,589 299,481	280,208 6,125,987 475,057 290,174
Total \$	8,072,203	7,947,995
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses (note 14) \$ Commercial paper notes (note 6) Current portion of long-term debt (note 6)	55,443 191,000 77,224	56,466 39,000 50,852
Total current liabilities	323,667	146,318
Payable from restricted assets: Accounts payable for construction Accrued interest on bonds payable Reserves (note 5)	36,637 77,789 104,641	21,813 77,341 104,169
Total payable from restricted assets	219,067	203,323
Retainage on construction in progress Long-term debt – less current portion (note 6) Long-term capital lease (note 10) Other long-term liabilities (note 12) Deferred credits (note 3)	13,122 5,317,572 34,733 13,426 84,660	11,852 5,370,663 35,210  70,512
Total liabilities	6,006,247	5,837,878
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	1,289,563 240,804 535,589	1,441,950 189,396 478,771
Total net assets	2,065,956	2,110,117
Commitments and contingencies (notes 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14)		
Total \$	8,072,203	7,947,995

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

_	2008	2007
Operating revenues (note 2): Customer services \$ Other	534,809 5,600	506,354 4,122
Total operating revenues	540,409	510,476
Operating expenses: Operations Maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Engineering, general, and administrative	93,733 26,409 6,226 124,687	87,590 25,915 5,969 107,493
Total operating expenses	251,055	226,967
Income from operations before depreciation	289,354	283,509
Depreciation and amortization	180,173	180,179
Operating income	109,181	103,330
Regulatory accounting provisions: Change in reserves (note 5) Change in deferrals, net (note 3)	(472) 65,384	(3,119) 50,818
Total regulatory accounting provisions	64,912	47,699
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Debt service grants Investment income Interest expense	16,980 41,199 (283,285)	18,937 42,966 (263,695)
Total nonoperating expenses	(225,106)	(201,792)
Net loss before capital contributions	(51,013)	(50,763)
Capital grants and contributions	6,852	6,455
Decrease in net assets	(44,161)	(44,308)
Total net assets, beginning of year	2,110,117	2,154,425
Total net assets, end of year \$	2,065,956	2,110,117

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

#### Years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers\$ 534,766 $508,450$ Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services $(109,114)$ $(111,377)$ Cash paid to employees for services $(124,477)$ $(107,458)$ Cash paid to employees for services $(6,226)$ $(5,975)$ Other operating receipts $300,549$ $287,762$ Net cash provided by operating activities: $300,549$ $287,762$ Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans, and notes $272,355$ $341,909$ Capital grants for construction $6,852$ $7,808$ Debt service grant $16,980$ $18,937$ Capital lease principal payments $(477)$ $(441)$ Capital lease interest payments $(2,740)$ $(2,776)$ Repayment of debt $(122,272)$ $(237,364)$ Plant expenditures $(165,139)$ $(165,139)$ Net cash used for capital and related financing activities $(312,717)$ $(332,243)$ Cash flows from investing activities: $141,003$ $48,976$ Purchases of short-term investments $(75,874)$ $(33,381)$ Interest received $36,420$ $40,940$ Net cash provided by investing activities $14,748$ $53,535$ Net increase in cash and cash equivalents $2,580$ $9,054$ Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year $40,828$ $31,774$ Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year $5$ $43,408$ $40,828$ Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: $5$ $109,181$ </th <th></th> <th>2008</th> <th>2007</th>		2008	2007
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans, and notes272,355341,909Capital grants for construction Debt service grant6,8527,808Debt service grant16,98018,937Capital lease principal payments(477)(441)Capital lease interest payments(2,740)(2,776)Repayment of debt(172,630)(295,177)Interest paid on debt(252,272)(237,364)Plant expenditures(180,785)(165,139)Net cash used for capital and related financing activities(312,717)(332,243)Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of short-term investments141,00348,976Interest received36,42040,940Net cash provided by investing activities14,74853,535Net increase in cash and cash equivalents2,5809,054Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year40,82831,774Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$43,40840,828Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income\$109,181103,330	Cash received from customers \$ Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid in lieu of taxes	(109,114) (124,477) (6,226)	(111,377) (107,458) (5,975)
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans, and notes $272,355$ $341,909$ Capital grants for construction $6,852$ $7,808$ Debt service grant $16,980$ $18,937$ Capital lease principal payments $(477)$ $(441)$ Capital lease interest payments $(2,740)$ $(2,776)$ Repayment of debt $(172,630)$ $(295,177)$ Interest paid on debt $(252,272)$ $(237,364)$ Plant expenditures $(312,717)$ $(332,243)$ Cash flows from investing activities: $(141,003)$ $48,976$ Purchases of short-term investments $141,003$ $48,976$ Increase in restricted cash and investments – net $(75,874)$ $(33,381)$ Interest received $36,420$ $40,940$ Net cash provided by investing activities $14,748$ $53,535$ Net increase in cash and cash equivalents $2,580$ $9,054$ Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year $40,828$ $31,774$ Cash and cash equivalents, end of year $$ 43,408$ $40,828$ Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income $$ 109,181$ $103,330$	Net cash provided by operating activities	300,549	287,762
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of short-term investments(86,801)(3,000)Sales and maturities of short-term investments141,00348,976Increase in restricted cash and investments – net(75,874)(33,381)Interest received36,42040,940Net cash provided by investing activities14,74853,535Net increase in cash and cash equivalents2,5809,054Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year40,82831,774Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 43,40840,828Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income\$ 109,181103,330	Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds, loans, and notes Capital grants for construction Debt service grant Capital lease principal payments Capital lease interest payments Repayment of debt Interest paid on debt	6,852 16,980 (477) (2,740) (172,630) (252,272)	7,808 18,937 (441) (2,776) (295,177) (237,364)
Purchases of short-term investments(86,801)(3,000)Sales and maturities of short-term investments141,00348,976Increase in restricted cash and investments – net(75,874)(33,381)Interest received36,42040,940Net cash provided by investing activities14,74853,535Net increase in cash and cash equivalents2,5809,054Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year40,82831,774Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$43,40840,828Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income\$109,181103,330Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash\$109,181103,330	Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(312,717)	(332,243)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents2,5809,054Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year40,82831,774Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 43,40840,828Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income\$ 109,181103,330Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash\$ 109,181103,330	Purchases of short-term investments Sales and maturities of short-term investments Increase in restricted cash and investments – net	141,003 (75,874)	48,976 (33,381)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year40,82831,774Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 43,40840,828Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income\$ 109,181103,330Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash\$ 109,181103,330	Net cash provided by investing activities	14,748	53,535
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 43,40840,828Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash\$ 109,181103,330	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	2,580	9,054
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income \$ 109,181 103,330 Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	40,828	31,774
operating activities:S109,181103,330Operating income\$109,181103,330Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash\$109,181103,330	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$	43,408	40,828
provided by operating activities:	operating activities: Operating income \$	109,181	103,330
Depreciation and amortization180,173180,179Decrease in other accounts881,042Increase in accounts payable11,1073,211	Depreciation and amortization Decrease in other accounts	88	1,042
Increase in accounts payable11,1073,211Net cash provided by operating activities\$ 300,549287,762			

Noncash capital and related financing activities:

In May 2008, general revenue refunding bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,162,090 were issued to defease \$1,197,745 of bonds outstanding.

In February 2007, general revenue refunding bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$647,950 were issued to defease \$674,570 of bonds outstanding.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (1) Organization

The Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (the Authority) was established in January 1985 pursuant to Chapter 372 (the Enabling Act) of the Act of 1984 of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth). The Authority, a successor agency to certain functions of the Metropolitan District Commission (the MDC) (which became part of the Department of Conservation and Recreation (the DCR) in July 2003), is a public instrumentality and, effective July 1, 1985, provides water supply services and sewage collection, treatment, and disposal services to areas of the Commonwealth.

The Authority is governed by an 11-member board of directors (the Board) chaired by the Secretary of Environmental Affairs for the Commonwealth. The Secretary and four other members are appointed by the Governor, one upon recommendation of the Mayor of Quincy and one upon recommendation of the Selectmen of Winthrop. Three members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor of Boston and three are appointed by the Authority's Advisory Board.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government enterprises. The following is a summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies:

#### (a) Basis of Presentation

The Authority is required by the Enabling Act to establish user rates for its water and sewer services which provide sufficient funds to recover the costs of operations (excluding depreciation), debt service, maintenance, replacements, improvements to its facilities, and appropriate reserves. The Authority's financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and the economic measurement focus as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) requirements for an enterprise fund.

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing water and sewer services to its member communities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. All operating revenues are pledged for repayment of outstanding debt service.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Authority has adopted the option to apply all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

In addition, the Authority has adopted the provisions of FASB Statement No. 71, *Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation*, to provide a better matching of revenues and expenses. The effect of this policy has been to defer certain costs, which will be recovered through future revenues in accordance with the Authority's rate model, and to record deferred credits for revenue collected through current rates for costs expected to be incurred in the future. The effects of the Authority's accounting policies under Statement No. 71 are discussed further in notes 3 and 9.

## (b) Capital Assets

On July 1, 1985, ownership of the MDC's sewer and waterworks personal property was transferred to the Authority. Pursuant to the Enabling Act, ownership of the real property of the MDC sewer and waterworks systems was not transferred from the Commonwealth to the Authority; however, the Authority has the right to use, improve, maintain, and manage that property. In addition, ownership of the real and personal property of the watershed system remains with the Commonwealth; however, the Authority has the right to utilize the water therefrom for water supply purposes.

The personal property, together with the rights to the real property and watershed system, was recorded at its estimated fair value of \$2,331,465 (including certain construction projects which were in progress as of July 1, 1985), based upon an appraisal performed by valuation specialists. Property, plant, and equipment acquired or constructed since July 1, 1985, is stated at historical cost, and includes the expenditure of capital grants in aid of construction.

Betterments and major renewals are capitalized and included in capital asset accounts, while expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred. The cost of depreciable assets and related accumulated depreciation is eliminated from the accounts when such items are disposed of or otherwise retired.

## (c) Interest Cost and Principal Payments on Construction

During fiscal 2008 and 2007, none of the Authority's interest expense was capitalized to construction in progress in accordance with its current policy of recovering such costs through rates as incurred. Rates collected for principal payments on debt related to assets under construction are deferred until the related asset is completed and depreciation commences.

#### (d) Depreciation

The Authority provides for depreciation by use of the straight-line method. Depreciation is intended to distribute the cost of depreciable properties, including those financed by capital grants in aid of construction, over the following estimated average useful lives:

	Years
Plant and equipment, water and sewerage systems	5 - 100
Motor vehicles and equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	7
Leasehold improvements	3 – 5

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (e) Revenue Recognition

The Authority recognizes revenue as amounts become collectible from its customers for water and sewer services provided. The majority of the Authority's billings to cities and towns are subject to, in the event of nonpayment, the local aid intercept allowed by the Enabling Act.

#### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority's policy is to treat unrestricted investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased as cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows. Restricted cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments on the balance sheets, and shown separately on the statements of cash flows as an investing activity.

#### (g) Payments in Lieu of Taxes

The Enabling Act authorizes and directs the Authority to pay to the DCR (formerly the MDC) Division of Watershed Management, who in turn remits payment to each city or town in which land of the Quabbin watershed and Ware River watershed is located. Each such payment is equal to the amount which the respective city or town would receive in property taxes, based upon the fair value of such land if such land were not tax exempt.

#### (h) Investments

Most investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined based on quoted market price. Guaranteed investment contracts are recorded at cost. The Authority recorded unrealized gains of \$6,839 and \$382 in fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, respectively, as part of investment income.

#### (i) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (j) Compensated Absences

Employees of the Authority may accumulate unused sick time of which 30% will be paid in cash upon retirement from the Authority. The liability for vacation leave is based on the amount earned but not used; for sick leave, it is based on a percentage of the amount accumulated at the statement of net assets dates. The liability for both amounts is calculated based on the pay or salary rates in effect at the statements of net assets dates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

## (3) Deferred Charges and Credits

In accordance with FASB No. 71, deferred charges and credits result primarily from differences between depreciation on property, plant, and equipment not financed by grants or capital contributions, which is recovered through rates as principal payments on debt service, and from amounts determined by the Board to be utilized in a subsequent year to reduce customer billings (rate stabilization).

A summary of the activity of FASB No. 71 charges (credits) for fiscal 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

	 Sewer	Water	Total
Balance – June 30, 2006 – net	\$ 288,856	64,871	353,727
Difference between depreciation of capital assets not financed by grants or capital contributions, and debt service in excess of interest expense	50,321	9,605	59,926
Rate stabilization – current year recovery	6,203	(8,395)	(2,192)
Other – net	 (5,633)	(1,283)	(6,916)
Balance – June 30, 2007 – net	339,747	64,798	404,545
Difference between depreciation of capital assets not financed by grants or capital contributions, and debt service in excess			
of interest expense	71,581	10,507	82,088
Bond redemption, net	2,556		2,556
Other – net	 (8,638)	(10,622)	(19,260)
Balance – June 30, 2008 – net	\$ 405,246	64,683	469,929

The net balance at June 30, 2008 and 2007, is presented on the balance sheets as follows:

	 2008	2007	Current year change
Deferred charges Deferred credits	\$ 554,589 (84,660)	475,057 (70,512)	79,532 (14,148)
Net change in deferrals	\$ 469,929	404,545	65,384

The balance in the rate stabilization reserve, which is included in deferred credits, was \$43,737 at June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (4) **Deposits and Investments**

The following represents essential risk information about the Authority's deposits and investments.

#### (a) Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits and certificates of deposit is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be recovered. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized.

The bank deposits at June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$46,854 and \$43,041, respectively. Of these amounts, \$46,754 and \$42,941 were exposed to custodial credit risks as uninsured and uncollateralized.

## (b) Investments

The Authority is authorized by its general bond resolution to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, bonds, or notes of public agencies or municipalities, bank time deposits, guaranteed interest contracts, money market accounts, interest rate swap agreements, and repurchase agreements. All investments are held by a third-party in the Authority's name. These investments are recorded at fair value.

The following guaranteed investment contracts were in force as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, all of which are fully collateralized and recorded at cost:

Investment agreement provider	Rate	Maturity	2008	2007
AIG financial products Wachovia Bank	6.05 5.17	August 1, 2014 \$ August 1, 2016	18,342 14,456	18,342 14,456
Total		\$	32,798	32,798

In September 2008, AIG was downgraded to an A – rating by Standard & Poor's (S&P). This downgrade resulted from AIG's lack of liquidity and its ability to raise sufficient capital to back its financial obligations. Under its contract with the Authority, AIG is required to maintain an S&P rating of at least AA – or else it will be in default. In the event of a default, the contract provides for the principal and unpaid interest to become due and payable immediately. On September 29, 2008 the Authority received from AIG the \$18,342,000 in principal and \$185,000 in accrued interest which was subsequently invested in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT).

#### (c) Credit Ratings

All debt securities purchased, such as FNMA, FHLMC, and FHLB issues have an implied credit rating of AAA or they have been collateralized to AAA. The guaranteed investment contracts themselves are not rated. Further, the certificates of deposits and money market funds are not rated.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

The general bond resolution limits the Authority to investing in securities that are rated in the three highest rating categories as defined by S&P and Moody's.

#### (d) Concentration Risk

The Authority has no investments, at fair value, which exceeds 5% of the Authority's total investments as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

### (e) Interest Rate Risk

The following is a listing of the Authority's fixed income investments and related maturity schedule as of June 30, 2008 and 2007:

June 30, 2008 Investment maturities (in years)									
Investment type		Fair value	<1	1–3	4-8	>9			
Certificate of deposit	\$	3,000	3,000	_	_	_			
Money market mutual funds		498,402	498,402	_	—	_			
U.S. Treasury notes and bonds		4,130		_	4,130	_			
U.S. agency obligations		196,621	_	7,304	123,031	66,286			
Guaranteed investment									
contracts		32,798	18,342			14,456			
Total	\$	734,951	519,744	7,304	127,161	80,742			

June 30, 2007 Investment maturities (in years)								
Investment type		Fair value	<1	1–3	4-8	>9		
Certificate of deposit	\$	3,100	100	3,000		_		
Money market mutual funds		422,528	422,528	_	_			
U.S. Treasury notes and bonds		21,540	17,753	_	3,787	_		
U.S. agency obligations		226,674	_	7,024	124,617	95,033		
Guaranteed investment								
contracts	_	32,798			18,342	14,456		
Total	\$_	706,640	440,381	10,024	146,746	109,489		

The Authority's bond resolution limits maturities to less than 15 years. The majority of the Authority's investments are long-term investments held in the debt service reserve funds where the intent is to hold until maturity. This reduces the exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

## (f) Restricted Investments by Fund

The following summarizes restricted investments as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 by various funds and accounts established by the Authority for debt covenants and other purposes:

	 2008	2007
Restricted investments:		
Construction	\$ 105,237	83,892
Debt service reserves	220,868	253,083
Debt service	177,987	148,296
Revenue redemption	30,852	35,191
Revenue	67,452	66,328
Renewal and replacement reserve	33,947	31,429
Insurance	18,997	18,997
OPEB Reserve	7,183	
Community obligation and revenue enhancement	20,508	20,105
Insurance related escrow deposits	 4,130	6,875
Total restricted investments	\$ 687,161	664,196

## (5) Bond Resolution Reserves

The components of the reserves required by the general and supplemental bond resolutions at June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

Reserves	Sewer		Water	<b>Total 2008</b>	<b>Total 2007</b>	
Renewal and replacement	\$	17,300	11,701	29,001	29,001	
Insurance		9,500	9,500	19,000	19,000	
Operating		26,998	9,526	36,524	36,052	
Community obligation and						
revenue enhancement		18,399	1,717	20,116	20,116	
Total	\$	72,197	32,444	104,641	104,169	

A renewal and replacement reserve of \$6,000 was established through grant receipts transferred from the Commonwealth in 1985 and is included in restricted net assets at June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

# (6) Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2008 and 2007 consisted of the following:

	2008	2007
General Revenue Bonds:		
1993 Series C, 5 1/4% to 6%, issued December 2, 1993, due 2008 to 2015 \$	51,285	51,285
1998 Series A, 4 3/4%, issued January 27, 1998, due 2021 to 2032	100,355	100,355
2002 Series B, 5% to 5 1/8%, issued March 15, 2002, due 2021 to 2027	74,415	74,415
2002 Series J, 5% to 5 1/2%, issued December 18, 2002, due 2008 to 2042	553,080	553,080
2003 Series D, 4 5/8% to 5%, issued January 7, 2004, due 2022 to 2028	113,340	113,340
2004 Series A, 4 3/4% to 5 1/8%, issued June 10, 2004, due 2021 to 2029	104,870	104,870
2006 Series A, 4% to 5%, issued March 16, 2006, due 2023 to 2046	200,000	200,000
2007 Series A, 4 3/8% to 5%, issued February 1, 2007 due 2022 to 2046	200,000	200,000
	1,397,345	1,397,345
General Revenue Refunding Bonds:		
1997 Series D, 5% to 6%, issued December 15, 1997, due 2008 to 2020	123,245	128,815
<ul> <li>1998 Series B, 4 1/2% to 5 1/2%, issued January 27, 1998, due 2008 to 2022</li> <li>2004 Series B, 5%, issued September 29, 2004,</li> </ul>	103,165	103,550
due 2016 to 2020	49,390	49,390
2005 Series A, 3% to 5 1/4%, issued April 14, 2005, due 2008 to 2034	410,675	410,675
2005 Series B, 5%, issued April 14, 2005, due 2031 to 2035 2006 Series B, 4% to 5%, issued March 16, 2006,	80,290	80,290
due 2015 to 2040	264,945	264,945
2007 Series B, 5 1/4%, issued February 1, 2007 due 2023 to 2038	647,950	647,950
	1,679,660	1,685,615

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008	2007
Subordinated debt:			
General Revenue Bonds with the Massachusetts			
Water Pollution Abatement Trust:			
1993 Series A, 5 3/10% to 5 1/2%, issued			
March 18, 1993, due 2008 to 2013	\$	3,305	4,285
1993 Series D, 5 1/10% to 5 1/4%, issued	Ŧ	-,	-,
January 6, 1994, due 2008 to 2014		3,235	3,925
1995 Series A, 5% to 5 1/2%, issued		- ,	- )
November 21, 1995, due 2008 to 2015		4,090	4,885
1998 Series C, 4 1/2% to 5 3/8%, issued		.,070	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
July 9, 1998, due 2008 to 2018		9,135	10,385
1999 Series E Sewer, $4 \frac{1}{2\%}$ to 5 3/8%, issued		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,000
October 6, 1999, due 2008 to 2029		8,758	9,023
1999 Series E Water, 4 1/2% to 5 3/8%, issued		0,700	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
October 6, 1999, due 2008 to 2019		8,072	8,615
1999 Series F, 5% to 6%, issued		- /	- )
November 3, 1999, due 2008 to 2029		330,155	340,710
2000 Series E Sewer, 4 6/8% to 5 5/8%, issued		,	)
November 1, 2000, due 2008 to 2030		64,035	65,715
2000 Series E Water, 4 3/4% to 5 5/8%, issued		,	,
November 1, 2000, due 2008 to 2020		9,111	9,665
2001 Series C Water, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued			
July 26, 2001, due 2009 to 2021		3,926	4,162
2001 Series D Sewer, 5% to 5 3/4%, issued			
July 26, 2001, due 2008 to 2029		5,905	6,279
2001 Series D Water, 4 8/10% to 5 3/4%, issued			
July 26, 2001, due 2008 to 2019		1,141	1,218
2002 Series H Sewer, 3 1/2% to 5 1/4%, issued			
October 31, 2002, due 2008 to 2032		81,790	83,875
2002 Series H Water, 3 1/2% to 5 1/4%, issued			
October 31, 2002, due 2008 to 2022		26,650	28,020
2002 Series I Sewer, 4 1/4% to 5 5/8%, issued			
October 31, 2002, due 2008 to 2030		2,334	2,400
2002 Series I Water, 4 1/4% to 5 5/8%, issued			
October 31, 2002, due 2008 to 2020		24	26
2003 Series A Water, 3 2/5% to 5 1/4%, issued			
October 31, 2002, due 2008 to 2022		1,229	1,293
2003 Series B Water, 5% to 5 1/4%, issued			
July 24, 2003, due 2009 to 2021		3,544	3,757
2003 Series C Sewer, 2 3/10% to 5 1/2%, issued			
November 6, 2003, due 2008 to 2033		29,324	30,049
2003 Series C Water, 2 3/10% to 5 1/2%, issued			
November 6, 2003, due 2008 to 2023		18,055	18,969

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

	 2008	2007
2004 Series C Sewer, 2 3/10% to 5 1/2%, issued		
October 26, 2004, due 2008 to 2033	\$ 9,956	10,203
2004 Series C water, 3 2/5% to 5 1/4%, issued		
October 26, 2004, due 2008 to 2022	1,441	1,528
2004 Series D Sewer, 3% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 29, 2004, due 2008 to 2034	59,007	61,027
2004 Series D Water, 3% to 5 1/4%, issued		
November 29, 2004, due 2008 to 2024	11,897	12,400
2005 Series C Sewer, 2 3/10% to 5 1/2%, issued		
November 3, 2005, due 2008 to 2034	6,934	7,211
2005 Series C Water, 2 3/10% to 5 1/2%, issued	0.42	000
November 3, 2005, due 2008 to 2024	943	990
2005 Series D Sewer, 2% to 2 3/10%, issued	62 402	65 014
November 16, 2005, due 2008 to 2035 2005 Series D Water, 0% to 2%, issued	63,403	65,214
November 16, 2005, due 2008 to 2025	13,516	14,231
2005 Series E Sewer, 2%, issued	15,510	14,231
November 16, 2005, due 2008 to 2025	366	387
2005 Series E Water, 2%, issued	500	507
November 16, 2005, due 2008 to 2025	81	86
2006 Series C Sewer, 3% to 5 1/4%, issued	01	00
October 26, 2006, due 2008 to 2034	8,410	8,646
2006 Series D Sewer, 2% to 2 3/10%, issued	,	
December 14, 2006, due 2008 to 2036	64,799	58,715
2006 Series D Water, 0% to 2%, issued		
November 16, 2006, due 2008 to 2026	28,509	26,922
2006 Series E Sewer, 2%, issued		
December 14, 2006, due 2008 to 2026	359	374
2006 Series E Water, 2%, issued		
December 14, 2006, due 2008 to 2026	161	168
2007 Series C Sewer, 2% to 2 3/10%, issued		
November 9, 2007, due 2008 to 2035	4,798	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

	_	2008	2007
2007 Series C Water, 2%, issued			
November 9, 2007, due 2008 to 2025	\$	2,727	
2007 Series D Sewer, 2 3/10%, issued November 9, 2007, due 2008 to 2036		22,978	_
2007 Series E Sewer, 2% to 2 2/5%, issued December 18, 2007, due 2008 to 2037 2007 Series E Water, 2%, issued		58,853	_
December 18, 2007, due 2008 to 2027		19,373	
	-	992,329	905,358
General Revenue Bonds (variable rates):			
1997 Series A, 2.75% to 6.0%, issued June 18, 1997		—	76,600
1997 Series B, 2.94% to 9.0%, issued June 18, 1997			76,600
1999 Series A, 2.90% to 7.0%, issued January 14, 1999			87,600
1999 Series B, 1.11% to 3.92%, issued January 29, 1999,		96 100	97 (00
due 2008 to 2028		86,100	87,600
1999 Series C, 2.12% to 4.68%, issued June 8, 1999		—	67,900
1999 Series D, 3.68% to 5.0%, issued June 8, 1999 2001 Series A, 3.0% to 10.0%, issued		_	67,900
September 26, 2001			84,900
2001 Series B, 1.52% to 11.0%, issued			01,900
September 26, 2001	_		85,000
	-	86,100	634,100
General Revenue Refunding Bonds (variable rates): 1998 Series D, 3.0% to 9.0%, issued			
December 22, 1998			198,895
2000 Series B, 3.0% to 9.0%, issued March 22, 2000		—	133,300
2000 Series C, 3.0% to 9.0%, issued March 22, 2000 2002 Series C, 0.89% to 4.05%, issued		—	133,300
August 15, 2002, due 2020		70,575	76,300

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008	2007
2002 Series D, 0.85% to 4.05%, issued			
August 15, 2002, due 2008 to 2017	\$	76,450	76,450
2002 Series E, 3.25% to 4.68%, issued			0.0.400
August 15, 2002 2002 Spring E $2.0\%$ to $4.7\%$ isound		—	83,400
2002 Series F, 3.0% to 4.7%, issued August 15, 2002			90,900
2002 Series G, 2.7% to 4.95%, issued			90,900
August 15, 2002		_	99,250
2008 Series A, 1.42% to 1.7%, issued May 29, 2008,			
due 2009 to 2037		338,005	
2008 Series B, 1.25% to 1.7%, issued May 29, 2008,		124 505	
due 2009 to 2031 2008 Series C, 1.46% to 1.75%, issued May 29, 2008,		124,595	_
due 2009 to 2027		199,400	
2008 Series D, 1.46% to 1.75%, issued May 29, 2008,		1777, 100	
due 2010 to 2011		83,615	
2008 Series E, 1.55% to 1.7%, issued May 29, 2008,			
due 2012 to 2037		224,770	
2008 Series F, 1.4% to 1.6%, issued May 29, 2008, due 2009 to 2029		191,705	
due 2009 to 2029	_		
	_	1,309,115	891,795
		5,464,549	5,514,213
Less:			
Unamortized bond premiums and discounts		142,819	144,053
Unamortized excess of reacquisition price over net			
carrying amount of defeased bonds		(212,572)	(236,751)
Current portion of long-term debt		(77,224)	(50,852)
	_	(146,977)	(143,550)
Long-term debt, net	\$	5,317,572	5,370,663

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

Long-term debt at June 30, 2008 and 2007 consisted of the following:

	2007 beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	2008 ending balance	Due within one year
General Revenue Bonds \$ General Revenue Refunding Bonds General Revenue Bonds with the Massachusetts Water Pollution	2,03 1,445 2,577,410	1,162,090	548,000 750,725	1,483,445 2,988,775	21,935 18,480
Abatement Trust	905,358	1 19,7 99	32,828	992,329	36,809
\$_	5,514,213	1,281,889	1,331,553	5,464,549	77,224
-	2006 beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	2007 ending balance	Due within one year
General Revenue Bonds \$					
General Revenue Bonds \$ General Revenue Refunding Bonds General Revenue Bonds with the Massachusetts Water Pollution	2,550,445 1,973,215	200,000 647,950	719,000 43,755	2,031,445 2,577,410	12,299 5,725
General Revenue Refunding Bonds General Revenue Bonds with the	, ,	<i>,</i>	,	· · ·	,

The Authority is required to establish water and sewer rates and charges at a level sufficient to provide, among other things, primary and subordinated debt service coverage ratios of 120% and 110%, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2008, the Authority had primary and subordinated debt service coverage ratios of 232% and 117%, respectively.

The Act of 1984 imposes a limitation of \$600,000 on the total amount of bonds and notes which may be outstanding at any one time. The Authority has requested increases in its debt limit as necessary to allow for issuances of bonds in amounts required to finance the capital program. The state legislature increased the debt limit to \$6,100,000.

On May 29, 2008, the Authority issued General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2008 Series A, 2008 Series B, 2008 Series C, 2008 Series D, 2008 Series E and 2008 Series F in the principal amounts of \$338,005, \$124,595, \$199,400, \$83,615, \$224,770 and \$191,705, respectively.

The proceeds from the new bonds were used to defease \$1.2 billion of variable rate bonds outstanding. These new bonds are variable rate demand obligations which are reset weekly. The interest rates on the new bonds from issuance until the fiscal year end ranged from 1.25% to 1.75%.

On February 1, 2007, the Authority issued General Revenue Bonds, 2007 Series A and General Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2007 Series B in the principal amounts of \$200,000 and \$647,950, respectively. The proceeds from the Series A bonds were used to retire \$179,000 of Commercial Paper Notes. The interest rate on these bonds is 4-3/8% to 5%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

The proceeds from the Series B bonds were used to defease \$674,570 of the 1992 Series A, 1993 Series C, 1995 Series B, 1998 Series A, 2000 Series A, 2002 Series B, 2003 Series D, 2004 Series A, 2004 Series B, and 2006 Series B bonds outstanding. The interest rate on these bonds is 5.25%. The cash flow required to make principal and interest payments on the refunding bonds is approximately \$451,925 more than the debt service requirements for the defeased bonds. The economic gain (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) obtained from this refunding was \$4,940.

In connection with several of its bond issues, the Authority has entered into various interest rate swap agreements to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on its variable rate debt. Under these agreements, the Authority pays a fixed interest rate (ranging from 3.9% to 6.9%) and receives interest from the swap counterparties at a variable rate (either Bond Market Association (BMA) rate or 67% LIBOR). The BMA rate is based on the seven-day high-grade market index of tax-exempt variable rate demand obligations.

## **Summary of Swap Transactions**

## Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap Transactions

Date of execution	 Notional amount	Termination date	Associated bonds	Fixed payable swap rate	Variable receivable swap rate	payment from counterparty	credit rating at June 30, 2008	 Fair value at June 30, 2008
March 22, 2000	\$ 266,600	August 1, 2030	2008 Series A & E	4.470%	BMA	N/A	Aaa*	\$ (52,879)
August 1, 2030	70,400	August 1, 2037	2008 Series A & E	6.935	BMA	N/A	Aaa*	(2,596)
December 22, 1998	119,335	November 1, 2026	2008 Series C	3.994	BMA	N/A	Aaa	(4,702)
December 22, 1998	79,560	November 1, 2026	2008 Series C 2002 Series D, 2008	4.032	BMA	N/A	Aaa	(3,382)
August 15, 2002	350,000	August 1, 2015	Series A, D & E	4.127	67% LIBOR	N/A	Aa3	(19,357)

Lump-Sum

Counternarty

\* As a result of the continuing fallout from the sub-prime mortgage crisis, Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc., the counterparty to these swaps, filed for bankruptcy on September 15, 2008.

Under these interest rate swap agreements, the Authority incurred net interest expense of \$11,238 and \$4,975 in fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007, respectively.

For the swap execution on March 22, 2000, with a current notional amount of \$266,600, the fixed rate paid by the Authority is as follows: 5.130% from execution through August 2005, 4.470% from August 2005 through August 2013, 5.494% from August 2013 through August 2019, and 6.935% from August 2019 through August 2030.

Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc., the parent company of the counterparties to two of these swaps, filed for bankruptcy on September 15, 2008. The first swap is with Lehman Brothers Financial Products Inc. for an initial notional amount of \$270,600 and covers the period from March 22, 2000 until August 1, 2030. Lehman Brothers Financial Products Inc. was not self-liquidating and designed to be remote from the bankruptcy of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. and therefore had a decreased risk of termination of that swap. Under the existing structure, the swap would be managed by contingent manager which was scheduled to be West LB. Subsequent to the parent company bankruptcy filing, Lehman Brothers Financial Products, Inc. filed for bankruptcy on October 5, 2008. As provided for under the existing ISDA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

Agreement, the Authority issued a Request for Quotations to find a replacement counterparty. Under the terms of the ISDA Agreement, after excluding the highest and lowest values, the median of the bid amounts will be the termination payment. On October 28, 2008, the Authority secured two replacement counterparties and received payments from the replacement counterparties in excess of the amount of the termination payment of \$47,994. The termination payment, net of adjustments, was made on November 3, 2008.

The second swap, which has a notional amount of \$70,400 and covers the period of August 1, 2030 until the bonds mature in 2037, was with Lehman Brothers Derivative Products, Inc. (LBDP). LBDP was a self-liquidating subsidiary which means that there was a higher risk of termination of that swap if a termination trigger event occurs, such as bankruptcy or credit downgrade. The Authority negotiated to have this swap assigned to Lehman Brothers Special Financing, Inc. to preserve the swap for an interim period. Lehman Brothers Special Financing, Inc. filed for bankruptcy on October 5, 2008. The Authority has issued a Request for Quotations to find a replacement counterparty and determine the termination value of the swap. The market value if the swap were to be terminated is currently estimated at \$4,100 as of October 10, 2008.

## Risk Disclosure

*Credit Risk* – Because all of the Authority's swaps rely upon the performance of the third parties who serve as swap counterparties, the Authority is exposed to credit risk, or the risk that a swap counterparty fails to perform according to its contractual obligations. The appropriate measurement of this risk at the reporting date is the fair value of the swaps, as shown in the columns labeled fair value in the tables above. All fair values have been calculated using the mark to market or par value method. To mitigate credit risk, the Authority maintains strict credit standards for swap counterparties. All swap counterparties for longer term swaps are rated in the A+ category or higher by at least two of the three rating agencies (FITCHRATINGS, Moody's Investors Service, and Standard and Poor's).

*Basis Risk* – The Authority is exposed to basis risk if the relationship between the floating index the Authority receives on the swaps (BMA or 67% of LIBOR) falls short of the variable rate on the associated bonds. Should this occur, the expected savings may not be realized.

## Swap Payments and Associated Bonds Outstanding

Bonds outstanding include certain variable rate bonds where the Authority pays a fixed interest rate and receives interest at a variable rate from a counterparty. The table below presents the debt service requirements and related net swap payments for these bonds. As rates vary, variable rate interest payments will vary.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

Using rates as of June 30, 2008, debt service requirements of the variable rate bonds and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remains constant, were as follows:

		Variab	le-rate	<b>Interest rate</b>	
Fiscal year ending June 30		Principal	Interest	swaps, net	Total
2009	\$	10,000	37,465	17,407	64,872
2010		14,500	36,794	12,113	63,407
2011		46,600	35,079	8,057	89,736
2012		44,215	32,943	5,490	82,648
2013		50,510	30,671	4,395	85,576
2014-2018		236,070	117,261	21,570	374,901
2019-2023		239,870	68,608	23,229	331,707
2024-2028		104,870	28,186	13,049	146,105
2029-2033		5,650	17,159	8,908	31,717
2034-2038	_	65,090	7,242	4,657	76,989
Total	\$_	817,375	411,408	118,875	1,347,658

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

At June 30, 2008, the following bonds outstanding are considered defeased in-substance:

Description	Redemption date	Redemption price	Outsta princ amo	ipal
1990 Series A	2009 - 2020	102	\$ 60	2,975
1991 Series A	2011 - 2021	100 to 102	22	4,630
1992 Series A	2008 - 2022	100 to 102	64	6,325
1992 Series B	2008 - 2020	100	34	5,095
1993 Series A	2008 - 2013	100 to 102	4	4,285
1993 Series B	2009 - 2022	100 to 102	36	3,915
1993 Series C	2008 - 2023	100 to 102	26	5,285
1993 Series D	2008 - 2014	100 to 102	3	5,640
1994 Series A	2008 - 2024	102	11	3,145
1995 Series A	2008 - 2015	100 to 102	4	0,195
1995 Series B	2008 - 2024	100	20	4,060
1996 Series A	2008 - 2026	100 to 102	12	1,095
1997 Series A	2009 - 2028	100	7	4,200
1997 Series B	2009 - 2028	100	7	4,200
1997 Series D	2009 - 2012	100 to 101		5,570
1998 Series A	2009 - 2020	100	7	5,385
1998 Series B	2009	100		385
1998 Series C	2008 - 2018	100 to 102	7	5,980
1998 Series D	2008 - 2026	100	19	8,895
1999 Series A	2009 - 2028	100	8	6,100
1999 Series C	2009 - 2029	100	6	6,800
1999 Series D	2009 - 2029	100		6,800
2000 Series A	2008 - 2039	100	27	1,295
2000 Series B	2020 - 2037	100		3,300
2000 Series C	2020 - 2037	100		3,300
2000 Series D	2009 - 2011	100		0,000
2001 Series A	2008 - 2023	100		2,600
2001 Series B	2023 - 2031	100	8	5,000
2002 Series B	2008 - 2024	100		5,940
2002 Series E	2010 - 2011	100		3,400
2002 Series F	2012 - 2013	100		0,900
2002 Series G	2014 - 2015	100		9,250
2002 Series J	2012	100		8,315
2003 Series D	2008 - 2021	100		4,475
2004 Series A	2008 - 2020	100		1,650
2004 Series B	2016	100		5,865
2005 Series A	2010	100		2,690
2006 Series B	2015 - 2020	100	2	1,375

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

The proceeds and available funds were deposited in irrevocable trusts with escrow agents in an amount which will provide for payment of interest due to the redemption date and redemption of the defeased bonds outstanding on such date. The defeased portion of such debt, accrued interest thereon, and related unamortized issuance and discount costs were removed from the balance sheet in an in substance defeasance transaction.

In June 2008, the Authority used funds on hand to defease \$5,570 of the 1997 Series D and \$385 of the 1998 Series B General Revenue bonds outstanding.

In May 2007, the Authority deposited \$42,781 on into an escrow account with the trustee to defease \$38,315 of the 2002 Series J and \$2,690 of the 2005 Series A General Revenue bonds outstanding.

At June 30, 2008, outstanding bonds that are redeemable before their scheduled due dates are as follows:

Description	Redemption date	Redemption price	 Outstanding principal amount
1997 Series D	August 2008	100 - 101	\$ 113,375
1998 Series A	August 2008	100	100,355
1998 Series B	August 2008	100	72,945
2002 Series B	August 2011	100 - 101	74,415
2002 Series J	August 2012	100	200,000
2003 Series D	August 2013	100	113,340
2004 Series A	August 2014	100	104,870
2004 Series B	August 2014	100	49,390
2005 Series A	August 2017	100	285,000
2005 Series B	August 2017	100	80,290
2006 Series A	August 2018	100	200,000
2006 Series B	August 2018	100	261,775
2007 Series A	February 2017	100	200,000

The variable rate General Revenue Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority in whole or in part, on any interest payment date.

During fiscal 2008, the Authority executed loan agreements with Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (MWPAT) providing for 2007 Series C, 2007 Series D and 2007 Series E Sewer and Water loans in the principal amounts of \$7,525, \$22,978, and \$81,765, respectively. All proceeds for these loans were received by June 30, 2008, except \$3,539, principal for 2007 Series E Sewer and Water. The remaining funds are expected to be drawn down in fiscal 2009.

Outstanding

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

During fiscal 2007, the Authority executed loan agreements with Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (MWPAT) providing for 2006 Series C, 2006 Series D and 2006 Series E Sewer and Water loans in the principal amounts of \$8,646, \$96,708, and \$542, respectively. All proceeds for these loans were received by June 30, 2007, except \$11,071, principal for 2006 Series D Sewer and Water. The remaining funds are expected to be drawn down in fiscal 2008.

Federal and Commonwealth subsidies for purposes of offsetting principal payments aggregating \$110,867 will be recognized as capital grants in aid of construction over the term of the loans.

Interest is payable semiannually on all debt, except on the commercial paper and capital appreciation bonds, on which interest is payable upon maturity and the General Revenue Bonds with variable interest rates on which interest is payable monthly. The Senior General Revenue Bonds and the General Revenue Refunding Bonds are collateralized equally and ratably by a lien and pledge on substantially all of the Authority's cash and revenues, except the operating fund. The subordinated debt series, including the commercial paper are collateralized equally and ratably by a subordinated pledge on substantially all of the Authority's revenues and cash and investments, except the operating, debt service, and debt service reserve funds. Premiums, discounts, issuance costs, and the excess of reacquisition price over the carrying amount of the defeased debt are being amortized over the lives of the respective issues.

The amounts of long-term debt, principal, and interest payable in future fiscal years are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total	
Year ending June 30:				
2009	\$ 77,224	235,117	312,341	
2010	74,937	232,430	307,367	
2011	103,451	229,027	332,478	
2012	121,457	224,448	345,905	
2013	110,332	220,743	331,075	
2014 - 2018	825,766	1,016,567	1,842,333	
2019 - 2023	1,306,250	800,659	2,106,909	
2024 - 2028	1,238,418	505,439	1,743,857	
2029 - 2033	806,702	265,377	1,072,079	
2034 - 2038	465,052	126,230	591,282	
2039 - 2043	228,940	46,604	275,544	
2044 - 2048	106,020	9,275	115,295	
Total	\$ 5,464,549	3,911,916	9,376,465	

The Authority issued commercial paper notes of \$191,000 to finance capital expenditures, which are secured by \$100,000 and \$250,000 irrevocable direct-pay letters of credit which expire on September 8, 2009, and May 20, 2010, respectively. These letters of credit carry a fee of 0.27% and 0.30% per annum, respectively, on the amount available. The maximum aggregate principal amount of commercial paper which may be outstanding at any one time is \$350,000.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

Commercial paper at June 30, 2008 and 2007 consisted of the following:

	_	2008 Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	2008 Ending balance
<ul><li>3.62% commercial paper</li><li>3.70% commercial paper</li><li>3.75% commercial paper</li></ul>	\$	39,000 	52,000 139,000	39,000 	52,000 139,000
	\$_	39,000	191,000	39,000	191,000
	_	2007 Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	2007 Ending balance
3.00% commercial paper 3.62% commercial paper	\$	164,000	39,000	164,000	39,000
	\$	164,000	39,000	164,000	39,000

#### (7) Accounts Receivable/Intergovernmental Loans

The Authority has entered into various interest-free loan agreements with certain member communities. Under these agreements, the Authority loaned these communities \$17,086 and \$35,232 in fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively, to be received in five or ten equal annual installments.

The long-term portion of these loans at June 30, 2008 and 2007, is \$96,144 and \$101,715, respectively, and is included in other assets. The loans due within one year total \$22,660 and \$22,097 at June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. This program is designed to assist member communities with sewer and water systems rehabilitation.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

# (8) Capital Assets

Capital assets at June 30, 2008 and 2007, consisted of the following:

	2007	Additions	Disposals/ transfers	2008
Capital assets – not being depreciated:				
*	\$ 6,692	_		6,692
Construction in progress	273,516	175,658	(163,233)	285,941
Total capital assets –				
not being depreciated	280,208	175,658	(163,233)	292,633
Capital assets – being depreciated:				
Plant and equipment – water				
and sewage system	8,267,612	163,233		8,430,845
Furniture and fixtures	33,061	—		33,061
Leasehold improvements	5,081	—		5,081
Motor vehicles and equipment	1,595			1,595
Total capital assets –				
being depreciated	8,307,349	163,233		8,470,582
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and equipment – water and				
sewage system	2,144,794	166,230	—	2,311,024
Furniture and fixtures	30,851	2,189		33,040
Leasehold improvements	4,675	12		4,687
Motor vehicles and equipment	1,042	19		1,061
Total accumulated				
depreciation	2,181,362	168,450		2,349,812
Total capital assets – being depreciated –				
net	6,125,987	(5,217)		6,120,770
Capital assets - net	\$ 6,406,195	170,441	(163,233)	6,413,403

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

Capital assets at June 30, 2007 and 2006, consisted of the following:

	2006	Additions	Disposals/ transfers	2007
Capital assets – not being				
depreciated:				
Land	\$ 11,036	_	(4,344)	6,692
Construction in progress	245,542	132,992	(105,018)	273,516
Total capital assets –				
not being depreciated	256,578	132,992	(109,362)	280,208
Capital assets – being depreciated:				
Plant and equipment – water				
and sewage system	8,162,594	105,018	_	8,267,612
Furniture and fixtures	33,061	—	—	33,061
Leasehold improvements	5,081	—	—	5,081
Motor vehicles and equipment	1,595			1,595
Total capital assets –				
being depreciated	8,202,331	105,018		8,307,349
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and equipment – water and				
sewage system	1,980,021	164,773		2,144,794
Furniture and fixtures	28,666	2,185	_	30,851
Leasehold improvements	4,663	12	_	4,675
Motor vehicles and equipment	1,025	17		1,042
Total accumulated				
depreciation	2,014,375	166,987		2,181,362
Total capital assets – being depreciated –				
net	6,187,956	(61,969)		6,125,987
Capital assets – net	\$ 6,444,534	71,023	(109,362)	6,406,195

Depreciation and amortization for fiscal 2008 and 2007, was \$180,173 and \$180,179, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (9) Other Assets

On December 17, 1997, the Authority sold to Massachusetts Heavy Industries, Inc. (MHI) certain land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and other items located within a former shipbuilding facility, known as the Fore River Shipyard, for a total purchase price of \$10,000. The Authority received \$3,000 in December 1997. The remaining balance of \$7,000 was due to be received beginning in December 1999. In accordance with FASB No. 71, the original loss of \$28,303 was accounted for as a deferred charge and is expected to be recovered through future rates. During fiscal 2000, the \$7,000 receivable was determined to be uncollectible increasing the deferred loss on the original sale to \$35,303.

#### (10) Leases

#### (a) Operating

The Authority leases electrical power assets, office space in Boston, and other property under long-term operating leases. Future minimum rental payments required under operating leases having initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2009	\$ 5,818
2010	5,239
2011	5,091
2012	5,682
2013	4,783
2014 - 2016	 9,785
Total	\$ 36,398

Rental expense was \$6,977 and \$7,362 in fiscal years 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (b) Capital

In fiscal 2003, the Authority entered into a 30-year capital lease agreement for the new maintenance facility. The interest rate for the capital lease is 7.83%. Future minimum lease payments for the capital lease at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

	 Principal	Interest	Total
Year ending June 30:			
2009	\$ 516	2,701	3,217
2010	558	2,659	3,217
2011	603	2,614	3,217
2012	652	2,565	3,217
2013	705	2,512	3,217
2014 - 2018	4,481	11,604	16,085
2019 - 2023	6,618	9,467	16,085
2024 - 2028	9,779	6,306	16,085
2029 - 2032	 10,821	1,780	12,601
Total	\$ 34,733	42,208	76,941

Under this lease, the Authority is also responsible for "Additional Rent," as defined in the lease. The Additional Rent includes real estate taxes, assessments, and other government charges.

The associated capital asset is reported in plant and equipment – water and sewage system at a cost of \$37,134 with \$7,428 of depreciation accumulated as of June 30, 2008.

#### (11) **Retirement Benefits**

#### (a) Plan Description

The Enabling Act provided for the establishment of the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority Employees' Retirement System (the Plan), a contributory single-employer retirement system that is separate from the State Employees Retirement System. The Plan is a defined benefit pension plan covering those employees not employed by the MDC prior to July 1, 1985. Total payroll and covered payroll for all Authority employees in the Plan were \$78,946 and \$75,029, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Under the provisions of the Plan, pension benefits vest after 10 years of full-time employment. An employee may retire after 20 years of service or at age 55 and completion of 10 years of service. At age 65, annual pension benefits equal 2.5% of the employee's average regular compensation earned during the last three years of employment or any three consecutive years when compensation was higher, multiplied by each year of creditable service. The benefit is reduced if retirement occurs before age 65 or if survivor's benefits are elected. The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. Ordinary disability benefits are available only to employees under age 55 with at least

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

10 years of service. Complete financial statements for the Plan can be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at Charlestown Navy Yard, 100 First Avenue, Boston, MA 02129.

## (b) Funding Policy

Contributions made by employees are based upon a percentage of employee base pay (5% for employees hired before December 31, 1974, 7% for employees hired between January 1, 1975 and December 31, 1983, 8% for employees hired between December 31, 1983, and June 30, 1996, and 9% for employees hired after July 1, 1996). Additionally, certain employees earning in excess of \$30 contribute an extra 2% of their salary effective January 1, 1979. Employees receive full payment of contributions upon withdrawal from the Plan and 50% of interest earned for employees with five to nine years of service or 100% of interest earned for employees with 10 or more years of service.

The Authority's 2008 and 2007 contributions to the plan were based on an amount approved by the Retirement Board and the Authority's board of directors, which is based on an actuarially determined amount. The Authority's Enabling Act requires funding to be made in accordance with the Retirement Board's recommendation.

#### (c) Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual required contribution for the current year, determined by the January 1, 2007 actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Annual required contribution Contributions made	\$	4,233 (4,233)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation		
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	-	
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$	

#### (d) Three-Year Trend Information

	_	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	_	Net pension asset/ (obligation)
Fiscal year ending:					
2008	\$	4,259	100%	\$	
2007		4,094	100		
2006		3,577	100		—

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2008 and 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

#### (e) Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2007, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the Plan was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability Actuarial value of assets	\$	255,962 211,716
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$_	44,246
Funded ratio	_	82.7%
Covered payroll	\$	75,444
UAAL as percentage of covered payroll	_	58.6%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Effective for the January 1, 2007 actuarial valuation, the Authority changed to the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Prior actuarial valuations were completed using the aggregate cost method.

# (f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the January 1, 2007, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$44.2 million was calculated. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8% investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increase of 4.8% per year. Liabilities for cost of living increases have been assumed at an annual increase of 3%, on the first \$12 of benefit payments. The actuarial value of assets is determined by projecting the market value of assets as of the beginning of the prior plan year with the assumed rate of return during that year (8.0%) and accounting for deposits and disbursements with interest at the assumed rate of return. An adjustment is then applied to recognize the difference between the actual investment return and expected return over a five year period. As of January 1, 2007 the unfunded actuarially accrued liability is being amortized over 17 years using an open group method which assumes a 4.5% per year increase in payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (g) Other Benefits

All MDC personnel who became employees of the Authority on July 1, 1985, and were members of the State Employees Retirement System, retained their membership in that system. The Authority is not liable for retirement allowances paid to or on account of these employees. Funding of the pension liability of the State Employees Retirement System is the obligation of the Commonwealth. Employees covered by this plan become 100% vested after 10 years of service. The Authority's covered payroll for members of this plan for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$8,341.

## (12) Other Postemployment Benefits

During the year, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Statement No. 45 requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB), primarily healthcare, on an accrual basis rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially required contribution as an expense on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefit. To the extent that an entity does not fund their actuarially required contribution, a postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the balance sheet over time.

#### (a) Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Authority provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees through the Group Insurance Commission (GIC). The GIC is a quasi-independent state agency that administers an agent multi-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Authority and can be amended by the Authority. As of January 1, 2006, the actuarial valuation date, approximately 257 retirees and 1,108 active employees meet the eligibility requirements. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

#### (b) Benefits Provided

The Authority provides medical, prescription drug, mental health/substance abuse and life insurance to retirees and their covered dependents. All active employees who retire from the Authority and meet the eligibility criteria will receive these benefits.

# (c) Funding Policy

Retirees who retired on or before July 1, 1994 contribute 10% of the cost of the health plans, as determined by the GIC. Those who retired after July 1, 1994 contribute 15% of the cost of the health plan, as determined by the GIC. The Authority contributes the remainder of the health plan costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

# (d) Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's fiscal 2008 annual OPEB expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost per year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year ending June 30, 2008, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the Authority's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2006:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 15,120 
Annual OPEB cost	15,120
Contributions made	(1,694)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	13,426
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 13,426

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal year ended	 Annual OPEB cost	Percentage of OPEB cost contributed	 Net OPEB obligation
2008	\$ 15,120	11%	\$ 13,426

The Authority's net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2008 is recorded as a component of the "other long-term liabilities" line item.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (e) Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2006, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	154,449
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	_	154,449
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	_	%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	72,476
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	_	213%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan asses is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### (f) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the Authority and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Authority and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2006 actuarial valuation the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Authority has not advance funded its obligation. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10.5% which decreases to a 5% long-term trend rate for all healthcare benefits after ten years. The amortization costs for the initial UAAL is a level percentage of payroll for a period of 30 years, on a closed basis. This has been calculated assuming the amortization payment increases at a rate of 4.5%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

#### (13) Commitments and Contingencies

#### (a) General

The Authority's capital improvement program continues to proceed. As part of this program, the Authority has entered into a number of contracts for the design and construction of infrastructure and improvements to its facilities. Commitments under these contracts aggregated approximately \$263,901 at June 30, 2008.

The Authority's operating and construction plans are designed to comply with the Federal District Court's schedule of actions. The Authority has incurred capital expenditures of approximately \$7,251,000 from fiscal 1986 through fiscal 2008, including those projects required to comply with the Federal District Court's schedule. The Authority anticipates spending an additional \$1,755,000 on these projects through fiscal 2018. These capital expenditures have been forecasted based upon certain preliminary assumptions and estimates, which may change significantly as design and construction of the necessary facilities proceed. Funding is expected to come from various federal and state grants, as available and approved, and from the Authority's debt proceeds. To date, federal appropriations for the Boston Harbor Project have aggregated \$810,000.

#### (b) Boston Harbor Case

The Authority continues to be a defendant, along with Boston Water and Sewer Commission (BWSC) and the Commonwealth, in the federal Boston Harbor Case. The federal action was originally brought in 1985 by the United States on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and by certain citizens groups for Clean Water Act violations. As part of the Boston Harbor Case, the Authority was required to undertake certain corrective actions to meet wastewater treatment, discharge and combined sewer overflow (CSO) requirements. The only corrective action remaining is CSO related which is currently scheduled for completion in 2015.

In March 2006, the Authority reached agreement with the United States and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) on the scope and schedule for the remaining CSO projects which was filed with the Court as part of a joint motion to amend the Court Schedule. In April 2006, the Court allowed the joint motion and issued an Order with a schedule. Under the Order, the Authority has until 2020 to complete the remaining CSO work and subsequent monitoring which will be used to verify that the long term CSO control goals are achieved.

As part of the agreement, DEP agreed to reissue and EPA agreed to approve five (5) consecutive variances of no more than three years duration each, through the year 2020, for the Charles River and Alewife Brook/Upper Mystic River that are consistent with and limited to the requirements in the Authority's revised Long Term CSO Control Plan. Variances have most recently been issued by DEP in August 2007. The variances will remain in place for the Charles River until October 1, 2010 and for the Alewife/Upper Mystic until September 1, 2010. In addition, the United States and the Authority agreed to withdraw the February 27, 1987 *Stipulation of the United States and the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority on Responsibility and Legal Liability for Combined Sewer Overflows* and replace it with a Second Stipulation that requires the Authority to implement the CSO requirements set forth in the Court Schedule and to meet the levels of control described in the

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

Authority's long term CSO control plan. Upon completion of the long term CSO control plan and with results that demonstrate performance parameters are as predicted, the stipulation makes the Authority responsible for only those CSO outfalls which it owns and operates. As a result of the agreement, the Authority now has 35 CSO projects, 22 of which are complete, and six of which are under construction. The estimated cost to complete the Authority's long term CSO control plan is now \$964 million, including contingency and escalation of unawarded contracts.

The Authority and the City of Cambridge (City) plan to resume design efforts in October 2008 as to several CSO projects which comprise the Alewife Brook CSO control plan while continuing to monitor a citizens' group Chapter 30A appeal pending in Suffolk Superior Court (SUCV2007-05011-F). The appeal was taken from an October 2007 Final Decision of DEP which upheld a Superseding Order of Conditions (Order) issued by DEP in March 2005 with respect to the City's CambridgePark Drive Area Drainage Project. While the pending appeal does not pose a direct challenge to the CSO control plan, progress on final design and construction of projects by the Authority and the City can still be affected by the final outcome of the appeal, especially if the terms of the Order and the Final Decision concerning wetlands and storm water control issues are modified. To date, portions of the Alewife Brook projects have been delayed for 27 months beyond scheduled Court milestones primarily because of continuing uncertainties arising out of this litigation.

There has been no imposition of penalties by the Court against the Authority on the merits of the claims originally asserted in the Boston Harbor Case to date. EPA and the Authority in the past year settled a separate civil enforcement proceeding in which the Authority will pay a small civil penalty and perform three supplemental environmental projects to resolve allegations contained in a supplemental complaint filed with the Court in the Boston Harbor case on July 1, 2008. The Court is expected to enter the parties' settlement agreement as an Order in the case in early fall of 2008.

In addition, the Court always retains the right to order further remedial action and assess penalties.

# (c) Deer Island Submarine Power Cable

In 2004, the United States Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) notified Boston Edison Co. (BECo, now N-Star), its subsidiary Harbor Energy Electric Company (HEEC) and the Authority that they were in violation of a permit (MA BOSS 198900530, dated August 31, 1989) which authorized the installation of a submarine electric power cable running under Boston Harbor from South Boston to Deer Island. The Corps alleges that the power cable, in places, had been installed at depths less than those required by permit. The Corps has demanded that the permittees develop plans and an implementation schedule for bringing the cable into compliance with the permit. The demand has been made in connection with proposed dredging operations intended to deepen the harbor channel as to make it navigable by deep-draft vessels. The Authority has responded stating that it had become a co-permittee only to facilitate issuance of the permit, that it did not install and has never owned the cable, and therefore, it had neither any right nor responsibility, nor the ability, to move or alter the position of the cable. In 2005, the Corps referred the matter to the United States Department of Justice. In May 2005, the Department of Justice advised the permittees that the matter had been referred to it by the Corps for the purpose of either commencing a lawsuit to compel the relocation of

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

the cable or negotiating an amicable resolution that would bring the permittees into compliance with the permit's conditions. The Authority has informed the Court in the Boston Harbor Case of its position in its Compliance and Progress report filed on June 15, 2005. The Department of Justice (DOJ) and the permittees have continued to meet at various times since October 2005 to discuss this matter, the most recent meeting having occurred in January 2008. At the meeting, representatives of the Authority, NStar, HEEC, the Corps and DOJ further discussed the options for relocation or protection of the cable during the intended channel-deepening dredging operations. Representatives of the Corps and NStar/HEEC had previously met several times to discuss a so-called "mechanical option" which involves protecting the cable by covering it with concrete mats. The Corps and DOJ seemed more amenable to that option than in the past but have required a further triangulation study to be done by NStar/HEEC to more precisely locate the position/depth of the cable before agreeing to it. While this study has been undertaken by NStar/HEEC in August 2008, there is no firm date when the study's findings will be released to the Corps, DOJ or the Authority. Whatever option may ultimately be agreed upon, NStar and HEEC have asserted that they intend to pass the costs associated with the relocation and/or protection of the cable along to the Authority. The Authority has advised NStar and HEEC that it believes it has no financial responsibility whatsoever for these costs.

#### (d) Miscellaneous

The Authority is also a defendant in several legal actions and administrative proceedings arising out of its operation, maintenance, and improvement of the water and sewer systems under its care. It is the opinion of management that any judgments or settlements that may result from these actions will not have a materially adverse effect upon the Authority.

#### (14) Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss. The risk management program involves insurance and self insurance related to property, general liability (including automobile, marine and employers' liability), excess liability, public officials' liability, workers' compensation, unemployment liability, and employee health care and life insurance.

Buildings, plants, and equipment are fully insured on an all risk replacement basis to the extent that losses exceed \$2,500 per occurrence. The Authority maintains insurance coverage for general liability, automobile liability, marine liability, and employers' liability to the extent that losses exceed \$2,500 per occurrence, up to a limit of \$35,000. In addition to the primary liability insurance, the Authority maintains an excess liability policy with an additional limit of \$65,000. The Authority also maintains public officials' errors and omissions insurance with a limit of \$5,000 per occurrence with a \$1,000 deductible. All insurance policies are renewed on an annual basis.

The Authority reimburses the Commonwealth on a paid-claims basis for unemployment claims. Claims expensed during fiscal 2008 and 2007 were \$81 and \$52, respectively. The Authority is a licensed self-insurer for workers' compensation. Excess loss insurance is carried on workers' compensation as required by law in excess of \$500 per occurrence retention, with a limit of \$25,000 per occurrence.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2008 and 2007 (Dollars in thousands)

The Authority participates in and pays premiums to the Commonwealth's Group Insurance Commission for employee health benefits. The Authority pays 85% of these health premiums, with employees paying the balance.

Insurance claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

GASB Statement No. 10 requires that liabilities for self-insured claims be reported if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The Authority records such liabilities in accrued expenses.

Changes in the claims liability insurance reserves in fiscal 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	_	General liability and property	Workers' compensation
Liability balance – June 30, 2006	\$	2,239	2,111
Provision to record estimated losses Payments		531 (894)	1,236 (1,620)
Liability balance – June 30, 2007		1,876	1,727
Provision to record estimated losses Payments		623 (670)	1,160 (1,614)
Liability balance – June 30, 2008	\$	1,829	1,273

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Schedules of Funding Progress

#### Required Supplementary Information

#### June 30, 2008

#### (Unaudited)

# (Dollars in thousands)

	Employees' retirement system							
Actuarial valuation		Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) – (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll ((b-a)/(c))	
January 1, 2007	\$	211,716	255,962	44,246	82.7% \$	75,444	58.6%	
January 1, 2005		172,512	172,512	_	100.0	75,790	_	
January 1, 2003		146,188	146,188	—	100.0	66,711		
January 1, 2002		141,069	141,069	—	100.0	66,322	_	
January 1, 2001		128,385	128,385	_	100.0	65,955	_	
January 1, 1999		96,318	96,318	—	100.0	66,782	—	

Effective for the January 1, 2007 actuarial valuation, the Authority changed actuarial cost methods. See footnote 11 (e).

Other postemployment benefits									
Actuarial valuation		Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) – (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll ((b-a)/(c))		
January 1, 2006	\$	—	154,449	154,449	—% \$	72,476	213.1%		

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Accounts Established by the General Revenue Bond Resolution

Year ended June 30, 2008 (comparative totals for June 30, 2007)

(Dollars in thousands)

		Construction	Revenue	Debt service	Reserves	Total
Balance – June 30, 2007		83,892	66,328	456,675	50,426	657,321
Proceeds from:						
Revenue bonds and loans		195,355	—	77,000		272,355
Cash received from customers		_	540,366	—	—	540,366
Debt service grant		—	—	16,980		16,980
Interest income		4,672	8,595	24,551	2,614	40,432
Grant receipts		—	—	6,852		6,852
Construction payments		(182,548)	1,763	—		(180,785)
Capital lease payments		(480)	—	(2,737)		(3,217)
Debt service payment		(945)	(1,710)	(422,247)		(424,902)
Other commonwealth						
payments		—	(20,923)	—		(20,923)
Interfund transfers		1,825	(292,134)	290,406	(97)	_
Transfers from (to)						—
operating account		3,466	(234,832)	2,735		(228,631)
Balance – June 30, 2008		105,237	67,453	450,215	52,943	675,848

	_	Sewer	Water	2008 total	2007 total
Restricted cash and investments:					
Construction	\$	59,863	45,374	105,237	83,892
Debt service reserves		141,540	79,328	220,868	253,083
Debt service		120,804	57,183	177,987	148,296
Revenue redemption		3,820	27,032	30,852	35,191
Revenue		28,338	39,114	67,452	66,328
Renewal and replacement reserve		21,800	12,147	33,947	31,429
Insurance		9,499	9,498	18,997	18,997
Community obligation and					
revenue enhancement		17,564	2,944	20,508	20,105
Total restricted cash					
and investments	\$	403,228	272,620	675,848	657,321

# Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2008

(Dollars in thousands)

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Assets	_	Sewer	Water	Combined total
Restricted assets: Cash and investments Interest receivable         411,140         276,021         687,161           Interest receivable         1,896         1,325         3,221           Total restricted assets         413,036         277,346         690,382           Capital assets - not being depreciated         194,089         98,544         292,633           Capital assets - not being depreciated         194,089         98,544         292,633           Capital assets - net         219,042         80,439         299,481           Other assets - net         219,042         80,439         299,481           Total         \$         5,044,279         3,027,924         8,072,203           Liabilities and Net Assets           Current liabilities:         Accounts payable and accrued expenses         \$         38,796         16,647         55,443           Commercial paper notes         0.097         77,224         8,072,203         191,000           Current portion of long-term debt         68,127         9,097         77,224           Total current liabilities         193,372         130,295         323,667           Payable from restricted assets:         153,364         65,703         219,067           Retainage on construction in progre	Cash and cash equivalents Investments Intergovernmental loans	\$	35,426 8,607	12,364 14,053	47,790 22,660
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total unrestricted current assets		73,794	40,554	114,348
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cash and investments	_			
$\begin{array}{cccc} Capital assets - being depreciated - net \\ Deferred charges \\ Other assets - net \\ Total \\ Total \\ \hline Total \\ \hline Total \\ \hline Total \\ \hline Current liabilities and Net Assets \\ \hline Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \\ Current liabilities \\ Accounts payable for on struction folong-term debt \\ Accounts payable for construction \\ Accrued interest on bonds payable \\ Reserves \\ \hline Total payable from restricted assets \\ \hline Total liabilities \\ \hline Deferred credits \\ \hline Total liabilities \\ \hline Total nc apital assets – net of related debt \\ \hline S13,606 \\ \hline T75,957 \\ Total nc apital assets – net of related debt \\ \hline S13,606 \\ T75,957 \\ Total nct assets \\ \hline Total nc assets $	Total restricted assets		413,036	277,346	690,382
Liabilities and Net Assets           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable and accrued expenses         \$ $38,796$ $16,647$ $55,443$ Commercial paper notes $86,449$ $104,551$ $191,000$ Current portion of long-term debt $68,127$ $9,097$ $77,224$ Total current liabilities $193,372$ $130,295$ $323,667$ Payable from restricted assets: $30,770$ $5,867$ $36,637$ Accounts payable for construction $30,770$ $5,867$ $36,637$ Accounts payable for mestricted assets $153,364$ $65,703$ $219,067$ Retainage on construction in progress $9,907$ $3,215$ $13,122$ Long-term debt – less current portion $3,545,649$ $1,771,923$ $5,317,572$ Long-term liabilities $9,676$ $3,750$ $13,426$ <tr< td=""><td>Capital assets – being depreciated – net Deferred charges</td><td></td><td>3,711,374 432,944</td><td>2,409,396 121,645</td><td>6,120,770 554,589</td></tr<>	Capital assets – being depreciated – net Deferred charges		3,711,374 432,944	2,409,396 121,645	6,120,770 554,589
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total	\$	5,044,279	3,027,924	8,072,203
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Liabilities and Net Assets				
Payable from restricted assets: Accounts payable for construction Accrued interest on bonds payable Reserves $30,770$ $5,867$ $36,637$ $30,397$ Reserves $72,197$ $32,444$ $104,641$ Total payable from restricted assets $153,364$ $65,703$ $219,067$ Retainage on construction in progress $9,907$ $3,215$ $13,122$ Long-term debt – less current portion $3,545,649$ $1,771,923$ $5,317,572$ Long-term capital leases $23,650$ $11,083$ $34,733$ Other long-term liabilities $9,676$ $3,750$ $13,426$ Deferred credits $27,698$ $56,962$ $84,660$ Total liabilities $3,963,316$ $2,042,931$ $6,006,247$ Net assets: Invested in capital assets – net of related debt $513,606$ $775,957$ $1,289,563$ Restricted $148,817$ $91,987$ $240,804$ Unrestricted $418,540$ $117,049$ $535,589$ Total net assets $1,080,963$ $984,993$ $2,065,956$	Accounts payable and accrued expenses Commercial paper notes	\$	86,449	104,551	191,000
Accounts payable for construction $30,770$ $5,867$ $36,637$ Accrued interest on bonds payable $50,397$ $27,392$ $77,789$ Reserves $72,197$ $32,444$ $104,641$ Total payable from restricted assets $153,364$ $65,703$ $219,067$ Retainage on construction in progress $9,907$ $3,215$ $13,122$ Long-term debt – less current portion $3,545,649$ $1,771,923$ $5,317,572$ Long-term capital leases $23,650$ $11,083$ $34,733$ Other long-term liabilities $9,676$ $3,750$ $13,426$ Deferred credits $27,698$ $56,962$ $84,660$ Total liabilities $3,963,316$ $2,042,931$ $6,006,247$ Net assets:Invested in capital assets – net of related debt $513,606$ $775,957$ $1,289,563$ Invested in capital assets – net of related debt $418,540$ $117,049$ $535,589$ Total net assets $1,080,963$ $984,993$ $2,065,956$ Commitments and contingencies $-108,9563$ $-108,9563$ $-108,9563$	Total current liabilities		193,372	130,295	323,667
Retainage on construction in progress $9,907$ $3,215$ $13,122$ Long-term debt – less current portion $3,545,649$ $1,771,923$ $5,317,572$ Long-term capital leases $23,650$ $11,083$ $34,733$ Other long-term liabilities $9,676$ $3,750$ $13,426$ Deferred credits $27,698$ $56,962$ $84,660$ Total liabilities $3,963,316$ $2,042,931$ $6,006,247$ Net assets:Invested in capital assets – net of related debt $513,606$ $775,957$ $1,289,563$ Restricted $148,817$ $91,987$ $240,804$ Unrestricted $418,540$ $117,049$ $535,589$ Total net assets $1,080,963$ $984,993$ $2,065,956$	Accounts payable for construction Accrued interest on bonds payable	_	50,397	27,392	77,789
Long-term debt – less current portion $3,545,649$ $1,771,923$ $5,317,572$ Long-term capital leases $23,650$ $11,083$ $34,733$ Other long-term liabilities $9,676$ $3,750$ $13,426$ Deferred credits $27,698$ $56,962$ $84,660$ Total liabilities $3,963,316$ $2,042,931$ $6,006,247$ Net assets:Invested in capital assets – net of related debt $513,606$ $775,957$ $1,289,563$ Restricted $148,817$ $91,987$ $240,804$ Unrestricted $418,540$ $117,049$ $535,589$ Total net assets $1,080,963$ $984,993$ $2,065,956$	Total payable from restricted assets		153,364	65,703	219,067
Net assets:       Invested in capital assets – net of related debt       513,606       775,957       1,289,563         Restricted       148,817       91,987       240,804         Unrestricted       418,540       117,049       535,589         Total net assets       1,080,963       984,993       2,065,956         Commitments and contingencies	Long-term debt – less current portion Long-term capital leases Other long-term liabilities		3,545,649 23,650 9,676	1,771,923 11,083 3,750	5,317,572 34,733 13,426
Invested in capital assets – net of related debt       513,606       775,957       1,289,563         Restricted       148,817       91,987       240,804         Unrestricted       418,540       117,049       535,589         Total net assets       1,080,963       984,993       2,065,956         Commitments and contingencies	Total liabilities		3,963,316	2,042,931	6,006,247
Commitments and contingencies	Invested in capital assets – net of related debt Restricted	_	148,817	91,987	240,804
	Total net assets		1,080,963	984,993	2,065,956
Total \$ 5,044,279 3,027,924 8,072,203	Commitments and contingencies	_			
	Total	\$	5,044,279	3,027,924	8,072,203

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

Assets	_	Sewer	Water	Combined total
Unrestricted current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Intergovernmental loans Accounts receivable	\$	26,696 33,458 9,039 1,448	14,132 8,986 13,058 474	40,828 42,444 22,097 1,922
Total unrestricted current assets		70,641	36,650	107,291
Restricted assets: Cash and investments Interest receivable	_	401,088 3,632	263,108 1,450	664,196 5,082
Total restricted assets	_	404,720	264,558	669,278
Capital assets – not being depreciated Capital assets – being depreciated – net Deferred charges Other assets – net		172,414 3,724,096 363,919 204,803	107,794 2,401,891 111,138 85,371	280,208 6,125,987 475,057 290,174
Total	\$	4,940,593	3,007,402	7,947,995
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Commercial paper notes Current portion of long-term debt	\$	39,368 15,000 33,806	17,098 24,000 17,046	56,466 39,000 50,852
Total current liabilities		88,174	58,144	146,318
Payable from restricted assets: Accounts payable for construction Accrued interest on bonds payable Reserves	_	18,871 49,242 71,751	2,942 28,099 32,418	21,813 77,341 104,169
Total payable from restricted assets		139,864	63,459	203,323
Retainage on construction in progress Long-term debt – less current portion Long-term capital leases Deferred credits	_	9,674 3,551,571 23,973 24,172	2,178 1,819,092 11,237 46,340	11,852 5,370,663 35,210 70,512
Total liabilities		3,837,428	2,000,450	5,837,878
Net assets: Invested in capital assets – net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	_	628,616 112,167 362,382	813,334 77,229 116,389	1,441,950 189,396 478,771
Total net assets		1,103,165	1,006,952	2,110,117
Commitments and contingencies				
Total	\$	4,940,593	3,007,402	7,947,995

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2008

(Dollars in thousands)

		Sewer	Water	Combined total
Operating revenues: Customer services Other	\$	352,041 5,094	182,768 506	534,809 5,600
Total operating revenues		357,135	183,274	540,409
Operating expenses: Operations Maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Engineering, general, and administrative		60,133 21,280 	33,600 5,129 6,226 37,125	93,733 26,409 6,226 124,687
Total operating expenses		168,975	82,080	251,055
Income from operations before depreciation		188,160	101,194	289,354
Depreciation		127,094	53,079	180,173
Operating income		61,066	48,115	109,181
Regulatory accounting provisions: Change in reserves Change in deferred credits – net		(446) 65,498	(26) (114)	(472) 65,384
Total regulatory accounting provisions		65,052	(140)	64,912
Nonoperating income (expense): Debt service grants Investment income Interest expense	_	15,112 25,110 (194,423)	1,868 16,089 (88,862)	16,980 41,199 (283,285)
Total nonoperating expense		(154,201)	(70,905)	(225,106)
Net loss before capital grants		(28,083)	(22,930)	(51,013)
Capital grants		5,881	971	6,852
Decrease in net assets		(22,202)	(21,959)	(44,161)
Total net assets – beginning of year		1,103,165	1,006,952	2,110,117
Total net assets – end of year	\$	1,080,963	984,993	2,065,956

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2007

(Dollars in thousands)

		Sewer	Water	Combined total
Operating revenues: Customer services Other	\$	334,636 3,720	171,718 402	506,354 4,122
Total operating revenues	_	338,356	172,120	510,476
Operating expenses: Operations Maintenance Payments in lieu of taxes Engineering, general, and administrative		57,753 20,718  73,847	29,837 5,197 5,969 33,646	87,590 25,915 5,969 107,493
Total operating expenses		152,318	74,649	226,967
Income from operations before depreciation		186,038	97,471	283,509
Depreciation		127,286	52,893	180,179
Operating income		58,752	44,578	103,330
Regulatory accounting provisions: Change in reserves Change in deferred credits – net		(2,331) 50,891	(788) (73)	(3,119) 50,818
Total regulatory accounting provisions		48,560	(861)	47,699
Nonoperating income (expense): Debt service grants Investment income Interest expense	_	15,907 26,701 (177,746)	3,030 16,265 (85,949)	18,937 42,966 (263,695)
Total nonoperating expense		(135,138)	(66,654)	(201,792)
Net loss before capital grants		(27,826)	(22,937)	(50,763)
Capital grants		5,563	892	6,455
Decrease in net assets		(22,263)	(22,045)	(44,308)
Total net assets – beginning of year		1,125,428	1,028,997	2,154,425
Total net assets – end of year	\$	1,103,165	1,006,952	2,110,117